Tamil Nadu Open University

SYLLABUS FOR MASTER OF COMPUTER APPLICATION (MCA)

FIRST YEAR

MCA 01 Computer Fundamentals

Block 1: Hardware Concepts: Introduction – Meaning of Computer – Generation of Computers – Data Representation: Number systems – Decimal representation – Alphanumeric – Computational data – Fixed point – Decimal fixed point – Floating point – Codes Error detection and correction – Instruction execution – Digital logic circuits: Objectives – Logic gates – Boolean algebra – Elements of Combinational circuits – Elements of Sequential circuits – Interconnection structures – Memory organization: ROM/RAM – Secondary memory – High speed memory – I/O organization: I/O peripherals – I/O techniques – I/O processes – External Interface.

Block 2: CPU Organization: Basic structure of CPU – An advanced structure – Register organization - Micro-Operations: Register transfer, Arithmetic, Logic, Shift operations – Execution of Micro-operation – ALU and Control Unit: ALU Organization – Control Unit Organization – Register Organisation and Micro-Operations - Microprogrammed Control Unit: Meaning of Micro-programmed control unit – Microinstruction: Types – Formats – Simple structure of Control unit – Functions of Control Unit.

Block 3: Microprocessor and Assembly Language Program: Microprocessor Architecture: Components of Microcomputer – CPU components – CPU registers – Instruction set – Characteristics of Instruction set – Addressing modes: Immediate, Direct, Indirect, Register, Register Indirect, Displacement, Stack Addressing schemes – Instruction Format Design – Fundamentals of Motorola 68000 Microprocessor – Introduction to Assembly Language: Fundamentals – Program development tools – Example - Interfacing Assembly program to HLL Program.

Block 4: Parallel Organization and RISC: Introduction – Need of Multiprocessor – Characteristics – Interconnection structures – Interprocessor arbitration – Interprocessor communication – Cache coherance – Pipeline vector processing: Objectives – Method of Pipelining – Method of vector processing – Array processors – Parallel Algorithm: Data flow architecture – Parallel algorithms – RISC Objectives – CISC Objectives – RISC architecture – RISC pipelining – Performance analysis – Comparison of various RISC architectures.

- 1. Computer System Architecture by Mano M. Morris, PHI
- 2. Microprocessors and Interfacing Programming and Hardware by Douglas V. Hall, McGraw Hill.
- 3. Computer Organization and Architecture by Stallings, William, Macmillan Int. Edn.

- Block 1: Programming Concepts: Introduction Problem solving Stages Pseudocode Algorithm Flowchart Translators Machine, Assembly and Procedural Languages Linkers Loaders Elements of a programming language Graphical User Interface (GUI) Operating system concepts Process Management Multiprogramming Multitasking Timesharing CPU Scheduling Deadlock avoidance I/O Device Management Memory management Partition Page management Swapping File Management
- Block 2: UNIX Operating System: Foundations of UNIX operating system Features of UNIX Structure of UNIX operating system File System Different types of files Command format Text Manipulation commands Text Editor Line editors: ed,ex line editors Vi Screen editor Sed File permissions Super user, owner and other user categories and their privileges Communication between users Super user privileges
- Block 3: Programming in Unix: Shell Programming Command Interpreter Environment variables Parameter passing Shell programming language constructs operators Expression evaluation Support for C programming Code read, echo, if, case Loops: do, for loops System Administration Adding user accounts Changing privileges File system mounting and unmounting Running background processes
- Block 4: Software Engineering: Software Life Cycle Role of software engineer Qualities of a software product Principles of software engineering Trends in Software Development 4GL and Natural Languages System Investigations Control of System Investigations Case Tools

Books of Reference:

- 1. T.W. Pratt Programming Languages, Design and Implementation PHI.
- 2. R.G. Dromey How to solve it by Computer PHI.
- 3. Operating system Design and Implementation by Andrew S. Tanenbaum PHI
- 4. Software Engineering, Pressman

MCA 03 Data Structures through C

- Block 1: C Programming Language Fundamentals: Introduction C Programming language Structure of a C program Preprocessor Directives **main()** function Data Types Constants, Variables Operators: Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Assignment, Increment, Decrement, Bitwise, Miscellaneous operators Input and Output functions C programming IDE Compiling and Running a simple program C library functions through header files Control Structures if, switch, goto, for, while, do loops Pointers
- Block 2: Structured Programming with C: Arrays Single and Multi-Dimensional arrays Character arrays Structures Unions Bit fields Storage Classes: auto, register, extern Functions Definition Declaration Call by Value Call by Reference Passing arrays Passing a function to function Pointer to function Files: Text, binary files Random access in files
- Block 3: Data Structures in C: Stack, Queue structures Defined Implementation of stack and queue structures using array in C Linked List: Singly, Two-way, Circular list Implementation of linked list structure in C Graphs Adjacency matrix Implementation of a directed graph in C Graph Traversals: Depth First Search Breadth First Search.
- Block 4: Tree, Searching and Sorting: Trees Binary Tree Representation of Binary tree in memory Tree Traversals: Preorder Postorder Inorder AVL-Trees and B-Tree Implementation of trees in C Searching and Sorting Techniques: Linear and Binary search Sorting Techniques: Selection, Insertion, Quick, Heap and Two-way merge sort techniques implemented in C File Organizations: Sequential, Indexed Sequential and direct organizations.

- Data Structures Using C Yedidyah Langsam, Moshe J. Augenstein, Aaron M. Tenenbaum, PHI
- Data Structures, Dale and Lilly.

MCA 04 Elements of Systems Analysis and Design

Block 1: Introduction – Definition of a System – Characteristics of a system – Elements of Systems Analysis – System development life cycle – Software crisis – Role of Systems Analyst – Project Selection: Project request – Managing Project selection – Preliminary investigation – Problem classification and definition – Feasibility study: Types of feasibility – Investigative study – Cost Benefit Analysis – Fact finding techniques – DFD – Data Dictionaries – HIPO – Decision tables and Decision Trees – Warnier Orr Diagrams.

Block 2: Structured System Design: Introduction – Design Methodologies – Structured Design – Modularization – Design process – Systems Specifications – Prototype design – Input design and control: Elements of Input data – Processing transaction data – Design guidelines – Input verifications and control – Layout of Terminal screen – Output System design – Output devices – Types of Output – Designing screen output/report – Form design – File and Database design – Types of file – File Organisation – File design – Database Design – Coding system – Types of Code.

Block 3: System Development: Task of System development – Selection of Hardware and Software – Benchmark testing – Software selection criteria – Quality Assurance – Levels – Maintenance Issues – Levels of Test – Testing plan – Designing test data – System control – Documentation: Characteristics – Types of Documentation – Need for documentation – Tools – System Implementation: Conversion methods – Post Implementation Review – Review Plan – System Maintenance – MIS: Concept – Overview of Computing, Communication and Database technologies – DSS – Knowledge based system – Impact of MIS – Building MIS: Techniques

Block 4: Emerging Trends – Attributes of a Good Analyst – Organisational Issues – Communicating with Computers – Ergonomics – Human problems in Automated office - Multimedia: Introduction – Components of Multimedia – Hardware and Software requirements – Simple case studies: Information system planning – Evaluation and Selection of a system.

- 1. Systems Analysis and Design by James. A. Senn
- 2. Systems Analysis and Design by Elias M. Award.

Block 1: DBMS concepts: Introduction – Basics of Database – Three views of Data – Three level architecture of DBMS – Facilities – Elements of DBMS – Advantages and disadvantages – Database Models: File Management system and its drawbacks – Database Models: E-R Model, Hierarchical Model, Network Model, Relational Model.

Block 2: File Organization: Introduction – Methods of File Organization – Sequential, Direct, Index Sequential – Multi Key file organization – Management Considerations: Objectives – Conversion – Evaluation of DBMS – Administration of DBMS.

Block 3: RDBMS and DDBMS: Introduction – Relational Model – Concept – Definition of a relation – Relational algebra and relational completeness – Normalization: Objectives – Functional dependency – Anomalies in a database – Properties of Normalization – Various Normalization techniques – Examples of database design – SQL: Types of SQL commands – Data definition – Data Manipulation statements – Distributed Databases: Structure of Distributed database – Design of Distributed database.

Block 4: Trends in DBMS: Objectives – Next generation Database – Application – Object Oriented system – Object Oriented DBMS – Pitfalls of RDBMS – Comparison of RDBMS and OODBMS – Client/Server Database: Objective – Evolution – Client/Server computing – Critical Products – Knowledge base Management system: Objectives – Definition and importance of Knowledge – Difference of KBMS and DBMS.

- 1. Database System Concepts by Silberschatz, Korth and Sudarshan, McGraw Hill.
- 2. An Introduction to Database systems by Bibin C. Desai, Galgotia Publications.

MCA 06 Introduction to Computer Organisation

Block-1: Data Representation: Introduction – The Von Neumann Architecture – Generation of Computers – Data Representation: Decimal – Alphanumeric – Fixed – Decimal Fixed – Floating point – Error Detection and Correction codes – Instruction Execution. Digital Logic Circuits – Introduction – Boolean Algebra – Logic Gates – Combinational Circuits – Sequential Circuits – Inter connection structures.

Block-2: Pheripheral Devices: Memory Organization: Introduction – various memory devices – Types of Random Access Memory – Types of Auxiliary memory – High Speed Memories: Cache Memory – Interleaved Memory – Associated Memory. IO Organization: I/O Model – I/O Techniques – DMA – I/O processes – External Interface.

Block-3: Instruction Set: Introduction – Characteristics – Addressing Modes – Instruction format – Examples. Registers organization: Structure of CPU – Register Organization – Micro operation – ALU Organisation – Control Unit Organisation – Microprogrammed Control Unit – Microinstruction: sequencing – Microinstruction Execution.

Block -4: Microprocessor and Assembly Language Programming: Introduction – Microcomputer architecture – CPU components – Instruction set – Introduction to Motorola 68000 microprocessor – Assembly Language: Introduction – Assembly language fundamentals – I/O services – Assembly language program development tools – Examples: COM programs – EXE programs – Simple assembly language programs – Programming with loops and strings – Arrays – Modular program – Interface to high level program – Interrupts.

Reference Books:

Mano M.Morris, Computer System Architecture, Third edition, Prentice Hall of India (1983)

Hayes, John.P, Computer Architecture and Organisation, Second edition, McGraw Hill International editions, 1988

Doughlas V.Hall, Microprocessors and Interfacing – Programming and Hardware-McGraw Hill. 1986

MCA 07 Introduction to Software Engineering

Block 1: Software Engineering Concept: Definition – Software Product – Components and characteristics – Phases in Software development – Software Process Models: Linear Sequential – Prototyping – RAD – Spiral – Incremental – Formal methods – Fourth generation techniques.

Block 2: Project Management Concepts: People - Product - Process - Project Development Team Structures - Software Crisis - Role of System Analyst - Project planning and control: Planning objectives - Software scope - Resources - Project Estimation - Decomposition Techniques - Estimation Models - Project standards - Outsourcing - Risk Management: Risk - Identification - Projection - Refinement - Mitigation.

Blcok 3: Project Scheduling and Tracking: Basic concepts – Defining task set for the software project – Scheduling Plan – Software Quality Assurance: Quality concepts – Quality Assurance Activities – Software Reviews – Formal Technical Reviews – Software Reliability – ISO 9000 quality standards – Software Configuration management.

Block 4: Software Analysis, Design and Testing: Analysis concepts and principles – Software prototyping – Specification Modeling and Information flow – Behavioural Modeling – Design Concepts and principles – Modular design – Architectural design and process – User Interface design – Software Testing: Principles – Test case design – White Box test – Block box testing – Testing Strategies: Unit – Integration – Validation – System – Art of debugging – Case study.

- 1. Software Engineering Practitioner's Approach by Roger S. Pressman
- 2. Software Engineering Concepts by Richard and Fairlay
- 3. An integrated approach to Software Engineering by Pankaj Jalote

MCA 08 Computer Oriented Numerical Methods

Block 1: Computer Arithmetic and Solution of Non-Linear Equations: Introduction – Floating Point Arithmetic and Errors: Floating point represent of Numbers – Sources of Errors – Non-Associativity of Arithmetic – Propagated Errors – Pitfalls in Computation. Solution of Non-Linear equations: Bisection – Fixed point – Regula falsi – Newton's Raphson – Secant method. Convergence criteria of Iterative methods.

Block 2: Solution of simultaneous Linear Algebraic Equations and ordinary differential equations: Cramer's Rule - Gauss elimination method – Pivoting Strategies - Gauss Jordan method – Jacobi Iterative method – Gauss Seidal method – Comparison of Direct and Iterative methods.

Block 3: Interpolation and Curve Fitting: Problem of Interpolation - Langranges method of Interpolation - Inverse Interpolation - Newton's interpolation formulae - Error of the Interpolating Polynomial - Interpolation at equally spaced points: Forward and Backward differences - Newton's forward and backward difference formulas. Fitting of polynomials and other curve - Least square approximation of functions - linear and polynomial regressions.

Block 4: Numerical differentiation and Integration: Differentiation based on polynomia fit - Numerical integration using Simpson,s rule and Gaussian quadratic formula - Numerical solution of differential equations of the form dy/dx=f(x,y) using Euler,s method and Runge-Kutta methods.

- 1. Numerical methods for Scientific and Engineering Computation by M.K.Jain, S.R.K.Iyengar, R.K. Jain.
- 2. Elementary Numerical Analysis by Samuel D.Conte and Cart de Boor, McGraw Hill International Edition.
- 3. Numerical methods for Science and Engineering, PHI by R.G.Stanton
- 4. Computer based numerical algorithms by E.V.Krishnamoorthy
- 5. Introduction to Numerical Analysis by E.Atkinson

Block-1: C++ Fundamentals: Object Oriented Programming - Programming Paradigms - Benefits and Concepts - Advanced Concepts - OOP languages - Overview of C++ - Structure of a C++ Program - Header Files - Keywords - Tokens and Identifiers - Compiling - Running C++ programs - Constants and Variables: Data Types - Integer - Float - Char - Double - Pointer - Variable and Constant declarations - Macro definitions - Reference variables - Complex variables - Type conversions - Type casting - Storage classes: auto, register, static, extern - Input and Output: Stream I/O - I/O Manipulators - Creating I/O manipulators - IOS flags - Stream buffer class hierarchy

Block-2: Programming Constructs: Operators: Arithmetic – Relational – Logical – Assignment – Pre and Post Increment & Decrement – Bitwise – Scope Resolution:: operator – ?(conditional) – Value operator – Member operator – Indirection operator – new and delete operator – Precedence rules – Control structures: if – else – if elseif ladder – switch case - Iterative constructs - Loops – for loop – while loop – do while loop – Initialisation – exit condition – increment/decrement for three loops compared – Nesting loops – Creating infinite loops – break and continue statements – goto statement and labels

Block-3: Data Structures: Arrays: Single Dimensional arrays - Declaration - Initialization - Multi-Dimensional arrays - Declaration - Initialization - Addressing method - Subscripts - Character arrays - Initialization - Null Character - Multi-dimensional character arrays - Structures: - Declaration - Definition - Bitfields - Array of structures - Structure containing arrays - Pointer to structures - Structures versus unions - Ananymous unions

Block – 4 : Structured and Object Oriented Programming : Functions: Structured Programming – Function definition & declaration – Parameters – Arguments – Return Values – void – Call by value parameters – Call by reference parameters – Passing arrays – Passing structures – Passing a function to another function – Pointer to function – Recursive function – Classes : and Objects – Visibility Labels – private, public and protected – Data members – Member functions – Object declaration and accessing members – Passing objects to functions – Returning objects – Constructor function – Destructor function – friend functions – static data and function members – Inline functions versus macros – Overloading: Compile-Time Polymorphism – Function overloading – Rules for function overloading – Operator overloading – rules for operator overloading – Function templates – Class templates – Extensibility – Reusability – Inheritance – Run-Time Polymorphism – Virtual functions – Files: fstream header file - text and binary files creation and access – random access in files – storing objects in files – command-line arguments to main() function – Exception handling – Unified Modeling Language (UML) – Context Diagrams

- 1. The C++ programming language, Bjarne Stroustrup, Pearson publications.
- 2. Object Oriented Programming in C++ by N.Barkakati, PHI.

MCA 10 Theory of Computer Science

Block 1: Set, Relations and Functions: Sets – Notation and description of sets – subsets – operations on sets – Properties of set operations – Relations: Representation of a relation – Operations on Relations – Equivalence Relation Partitions and Equivalence Classes. Functions: Definition – One to one – Onto functions – Special type of functions – Invertible and composition of functions.

Block 2: Logic: Introduction - Connectives - Statements: Atomic - Compound - Well formed - Truth Table - Tautology - Tautological implications and equivalence of formulae - Replacement Process - Normal forms - Principal Normal forms - Theory of Inference - Quantifiers - Theory of Inference for Propositional and predicate calculus.

Block 3: Finite Automata and Languages: Definition – Representation of FA – Languages Accepted by FA - Non-deterministic Finite Automata – Regular Sets – Phase structure grammar – Context free grammar – Context free language – Finite Automata and regular languages – Turing Machines – Techniques for Turing Machine construction

Block 4 : Graph theory : Basic concepts – definition – paths – reach – ability and connectedness – matrix representation of graphs – trees.

Reference Books:

- 1. Discrete mathematical structures with applications to computer science by J.P.Tremblay and R.Manohar, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Discrete Mathematics by M.K.Venkatraman, N.Sridharan and N.Chandrasekaran. National publishing company, 2000.

MCA Lab – 1 : Programming in C with Data Structure MCA Lab – 2 : Object Oriented Programming Using C++

SECOND YEAR

MCA 11 Computer Graphics

Block 1: Graphics Overview – Applications of Computer Graphics – Video Display Generation – Input Devices – Hard Copy Output Devices – Graphics System Software-Output Primitives: Point Plotting – Line Drawing Algorithms – Equation of a line: DDA – Bresenham's algorithms – Circle generation Algorithms – Drawing Ellipse – Other Geometric Shapes – Region Filling Techniques

Block 2: 2D Transformations: Introduction - Two Dimensional Transformations: Transformation Principles - Basic Transformation - Matrix Representation - Composite Transformation - Two Dimensional Viewing and Clipping: Viewing Transformations - Windows and view ports - Aspect Ratio - Clipping and Shielding: Point Clipping - Line segment clipping - Convex Polygon clipping - Sutherland Hodgmam Algorithm.

Block 3: 3D Transformations: Concepts – Basic Transformations: Translation, Scaling, Rotation and Mirror Reflection – Matrix Representation – Composite Transformations-Three Dimensional Viewing and Clipping: Viewing Process – Three Dimensional Viewing: Specifying Projection Plane and view volume – Clipping: Clipping against a finite view volume – Cohen Sutherland Algorithm – Constructing a three dimensional view – Hidden Surface Algorithm: Depth Comparison – Z-Buffer Algorithm

Block 4 User Interface Design: Introduction - Components of User Interface - The User's Model - The command Language - Styles of Command Language - Information Display - Feedback - Examples.

- 1. Interactive Computer Graphics by M. Newmann and F. Sproull, McGraw Hill
- 2. Computer Graphics by Plastok and Gordon Kalley, McGraw Hill.

MCA 12 Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Block 1: Introduction to Algorithms and its Development: Introduction - Algorithms – Basic Steps in Development: Statement of the Problem – Development of a Model – Design of an Algorithm – Correctness of the Algorithm – Correctness of the Algorithm – Programme Testing – Documentation

Block 2: Basic Tools: Top-down structured Programming – Program Correctness – Example: The Knight's Tour – Networks (Graphs): Fundamentals - Representation – Trees – Isomorphism – Linked Lists – Adjacency Lists – Adjacency Lists – Push-down Lists – Queues – Probabilistic Model – Example: Performance Analysis of Straight Insertion Sort.

Block 3: Algorithm Design Methods: Basic Problem Solving Methods: Sub goal, Hill-Climbing and Working Backward – Example: Jeep Problem -Backtrack Programming: Example; Bicycle Lock Problem – Branch and Bound: Example: Traveling Salesman Problem for five-city network-Recursion: Example: Factorials and Fibonacci Series, Ackermann's Function.

Block 4: Simulation and Computer Science Algorithms: A single Queue – Single Server Problem – Sorting Techniques: Quick sort - Heap sort - A worst-case O (N log N) Sorting Algorithm – Searching: Binary Search: Average Complexity – Binary Tree Search and Insertion.

- 1. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms by S.E. Goodman and S.T. Hedetniemi.
- 2. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms by Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Galgotia Publications.
- 3. Algorithms and Data Structures by Niklaus Wirth, PHI.

MCA 13 Accounting and Finance on Computers

Block 1: Fundamentals of Accounting: Principle of Accounting – Accounting and its Function: Double Entry Book Keeping – Journal – Rules of Journalising – Ledger – Trial Balance – Rectification of Errors – Trading Profit and Loss Account – Balance Sheet.

Block 2: Financial concepts: Financial Statement – Nature of Financial Statements – Limitations of Financial Statements – Types of Analysis – Tools of Analysis – Trend Analysis – Comparative Statement – Ratio Analysis: Types of Ratio – Factors affecting efficiency of Ratio – Limitations of Ratio – Fund Flow Analysis – Cash Flow Analysis.

Block 3: Cost Accounting: Introduction to Costing – Cost elements – Classification of costs – Materials – Stock levels – ABC Analysis – VED Analysis – Labour – Methods of wage payment – Incentive schemes of wage payment: Overheads – absorption of overhead – Machine hour rate method.

Block 4: Methods of Costing and Budgeting: Marginal Costing – Break even analysis – Application of Marginal Costing – Limitations – Budgeting: Importance of Budgeting – Budget factors – Cash Budget – Sales Budget – Flexible Budget – Management of Working Capital.

- 1. Advanced Accountancy by R.L.Gupta, and M.Radhasamy, Sultan Chant & Sons.
- 2. Principles of Management Accounting by Man Mohan and Goyal.
- 3. Studies in Cost Accounting by P. Das Gupta, Premier Book company.

Block 1: .Communication: Concepts and definition – Importance – Process communication – Model – Types – Mode of communication – Objectives – Inter, Intra personal communication – Barriers – Commandments of communication-Developing communication skills: Reading: Preparation – Reading Styles – Linear reading – Faster reading – Reading techniques – Writing: Effective writing – Report writing – Speech writing – Minutes and communication aids – Agenda writing – Letters – Articles writing – Improving English language writing – When to write and when not to write Listening and

Block 2 : Speaking and Listening: Importance – Art of Listening – Advantages – Mode of Expression – Listening tests – Speaking : Art of conversation – Using telephone – Methods of asking questions – Brain Storming – Presenting reports – Improving Speech delivery – Expressing Techniques

Block 3: Interview Techniques: What and Why? – Types of Interviews – Understanding the intricacies – Planning for interview – Answering Skills – Effective Communication during Interview – IPS – Mock Interview. Group Discussion: Purpose – Process of Group Discussion – Presentation – Getting Started – Art of Guiding and Controlling Discussion – Personality test through Group discussion – Lateral thinking – Participation Techniques – Mock Group Discussion.

Block 4: Body Language: Origin and development of body language – Tool for Personality identification – Analysis of body language – Types – Desirable body language – Attitude and body language – Body language as a powerful communication-Negotiation Techniques: Meaning – Importance – Fundamentals – Preparation – Techniques for negotiation – Managing process of negotiation – Interpersonal behaviour – Mock Negotiation-Meetings: Meaning – Importance – Objectives – Leading and participating in meetings – Communication skills for meetings – Mock Meetings – Seminars.

- 1. Organizational Communication by M.D. Jitendra, Rajat Publications.
- 2. Any Text book on Effective communication.

MCA 15 Computer Networks

Block 1: Introduction: Uses of Computer Networks – Network Hardware and Network Software – Reference Models – Example Networks – Network Standardisation-Physical Layer: Transmission Media – Telephone System – ISDN – Broadband and Narrowband ISDN – ISDN and ATM – Communication Satellites.

Block 2: Data Link Layer: Design Issues – Error Detection and Correcting Codes – Elementary Data link Protocols – Sliding Window Protocols – Protocol Specification and Verification: Finite State Models – Petri Net Models – Example D-link Protocol: HDLC – SLIP – PPP – Media Access Sub layer: Multiple Access Protocols – ALOHA – Carrier Sense Multiple Access Protocols – Collision Free Protocols.

Block 3: Network Layer: Design Issues – Routing Algorithms – Congestion Control Algorithms – internetworking: Tunneling – Fragmentation – Firewalls – Network Layer in the Interne – IP – Subnets – Internet Multicasting – Network Layer in ATM Networks: Cell Format – Connection Setup – Routing and Switching – Services Categories – ATM LANs.

Block 4: Transport Layer and Application Layer: Transport Service – Element of Transport Protocols: Addressing – Flow Control and Buffering – Multiplexing – Crash Recovery – Performance Issues – Measuring Network Performance – Internet Transport Protocols – TCP – UDP – Protocol for Gigabit Networks-Application Layer: Network Security – Cryptography – Secret and Public Key Algorithms – DNS – SNMP – Electronic Mail – Electronic Mail Privacy – World Wide Web: Client Side – Server Side – Multimedia – Audio – Video – Data Compression – JPEG, MPEG Standards.

- 1. Computer Networks by Andrew S. Tannenbaum, PHI.
- 2. Computer Networks by Uless Black, PHIE.

MCA 16 Operations Research

Block 1 : Operations Research Basic Concepts : Introduction – Review of Probability and Statistics-Programming Techniques-Linear Programming and Applications : Graphical and Simplex Method – Transportation Problem – Assignment Problem.

Block 2: Programming Techniques: Goal Programming – Integer Programming – Dynamic Programming – Non-Linear Programming.

Block 3: Inventory and Waiting Line Models: Inventory Control-Deterministic and Probabilistic Models – Queuing Models.

Block 4: Game Theory and Simulation: Competitive Situation: Game Theory – Simulation-Case Studies: Insulator India Limited – Use of Operations Research Techniques: ECS Corporation.

- Hamdy A.Taha
 Operations Research An Introduction Macmillan publishing company (1982)
- 2 Don.T.Philips, A.Ravindran, James.J.Solberg Operations Research – Principles and practice John Wiley & sons (1976)

MCA 17. Operating Systems

Block 1: Fundamentals of Operating System: Introduction: What is an operating system – History of operating systems – Operating system concepts – System calls – Operating system structure-Process Management: Introduction to processes – Inter-process Communication: Race conditions – Critical sections – Mutual exclusion – Semaphores – Event counters – Monitors – Message Passing.

Block 2: Process Management: Introduction - Round robin scheduling - Priority Scheduling - Multiple queues - Shortest job first - Policy driven scheduling - Two level scheduling-Input / Output Management: I/O Devices - Device Controllers - Goals of I/O Software - Interrupt handlers - Device drivers - Device-independent I/O Software - User-space I/O Software - Deadlocks: Resources - Deadlock modeling - Detection and Recovery - Deadlock Prevention - Avoidance.

Block 3: Memory Management: Memory management without swapping or paging: Multiprogramming without swapping or paging – Multiprogramming and Memory usage – Multiprogramming with fixed partitions – Swapping: Multiprogramming with variable partitions – Memory management with Bit-maps, Linked-lists and Buddy System – Analysis of Swapping Systems – Virtual Memory: Paging – Segmentation – Page replacement algorithms.

Block 4 : File Management : File basics – Directories – Disk space management – File storage – Directory structure – Shared file – File system reliability – File system Performance – File servers – Security – Protection mechanisms – Case Study Window NT, UNIX.

- 1. Operating System Concepts by Silberschatz and Galvin, Addison Wesley
- 2. Operating system Design and Implementation by Andrew S. Tanenbaum PHI
- 3. Operating System by Milan Milankovic, McGraw Hill.

MCA 18 Object Oriented Analysis and Design

Block 1: The Object Model: The Evolution of the Object Model – Elements of the Object Model – Applying Object Model, Classes and Objects: The nature of an Object – Relationships among objects-Classes and Objects: The nature of the class – Relationship among classes – The Interplay of classes and Objects - On building quality classes.

Block 2: Classification of Classes: Importance of Proper Classification— Identifying classes and objects: Classical and Modern Approaches— Object Oriented Analysis: Classical Approaches— Behavioral Analysis— Domain Analysis— Use Case Analysis— CRC cards— Structured Analysis— Key abstraction mechanisms

Block 3: Object Oriented Design and development: Design Concepts - Development Process: Micro Development Process - Macro Development Process: Inception - Elaboration - Construction- Refactoring - Patterns - Transmission - Interactive Development - Pragmatics.

Block 4: UML Diagrams: UML concepts – Diagrams: Use Cases - Class Diagram – Object diagram - Interaction Diagram – Package Diagram – State Diagram – Activity Diagram – Deployment Diagram – Programming using UML.

- 1. Object Oriented Analysis and Design by Grady Booch, Addison Wesley
- 2. UML Distilled by Martin Fowler, Kendall Scott, Addison Wesley
- 3. Object Oriented System Development by Ali Bahrami.

MCA 19 Internet Programming

Block 1: Foundations for Internet Programming: An overview of Internet Programming – WWW Design Issues – Security and Encryption – Developing Intranet Applications.

Block 2: Markup Languages: Introduction - SGML - HTML - Character, Text, Block level tags - Structure of Web pages - Cascading Style Sheets - Frames - Layers - Forms - Internet Explorer - Netscape Navigator.

Block 3: Internet Programming Languages: Java in Windows – Java Virtual Machine (JVM) - Java Classes – Java Application Program Interface (API) - Applets - CGI – PERL – Microsoft Internet Implementation-Internet Scripting Languages: JavaScript – VBScript – Other Scripting Languages.

Block 4: Multimedia content in Web: Shock wave and Lingo - Active X controls: Creating an ActiveX control to Activate a Web Page – VDO live Technology – Creating Netscape Navigator Plug-Ins – Pulling Web Information – Creating a Custom Integrated Application with Multiple Protocols - Web Graphics: A Graphic View of Web – Easy Web Graphics – Images and Hyperlinks – Adding Graphics to Web Pages – Site and Page Design – Framing your Graphics – Dynamic Graphics – Animation.

- 1. Web programming Unleased by Bob Breedlove et.al, Sams.net publishing.
- 2. Web Graphics Bible by Ron Wodaski, Comdex Computer Publishing.
- 3. Internet Millenium Edition, Complete Reference by Young, TMH.
- 4. HTML The complete Reference by Powell, TMH.

MCA 20 Visual Programming

Block 1: Windows Programming: Traditional Programming Paradigms – Overview of Windows Programming – Data Types – Resources – Windows Messages – Device Contexts – Document Interfaces – Dynamic Linking Libraries – Software Development Kit (SDK) Tools – Context Help.

Block 2: Visual Basic Programming: Introduction – Forms – Variables, Types – Properties – Decision Making – Looping – Modules – Procedures – Functions-Tool Box Controls – Menus – Grid Controls – Dialog Boxes – Database Manager – Data Control – Record set Objects.

Block 3: Visual C++ Programming: Objects - Classes - VC++ Components - Resources - Event Handling - Menus - Dialog Boxes - Importing VBX Controls - Files - MFC File Handling - Document View Architecture - Serialization

Block 4: Interfacing Other Applications – Multiple Document Interface (MDI) – Splitter Windows – Exception Handling – Debugging – Object Linking and Embedding (OLE) – Database Application – DLL – ODBC.

Reference Books:

- 1. Windows Programming by Charles Petzold, Microsoft Press.
- 2. Visual Basic 6 from the ground up by Garry Cornell, TMH.
- 3. Visual C++ Programming by Steven Holzner, PHI.
- 4. Visual Programming by Yashwant Kanitkar.

MCA Lab – 3: Internet Programming and Graphics

MCA Lab – 4: Visual Programming and Accounting Package

FIFTH SEMESTER

MCA 21 Relational Database Management System

Block 1 : Database Management System : Database – Database Management System – Features – Advantages – Database Scheme – Schema and subschema – Manipulative capabilities – Guidelines – Different User Interfaces-Relational Model : Concepts of Relational Model – Comments on the Relational Model : Semantic issues, Navigation, Efficiency – DBMS based on the Relational Model : The mapping operation – Data manipulation facilities – Data Definition facilities – Data Control facilities

Block 2: Introduction to Oracle: Types of Databases - Relational Database properties - Benefits of Oracle - Client/ Server systems - Oracle Database Architecture: Overview of Oracle Architecture - Process - Physical files - CPU - Network System Tables - Oracle Users - Logical Structures.

Block 3: Oracle Database Fundamentals: Elements of SQL Language: Database Objects, Data Access SQL Commands, DML Commands – Oracle Queries – Basic Query, Using Expressions, Working with NULL values, Joining Multiple Tables in a Query, Selecting Distinct Values, Using Sub queries, Unions and Multiple part Queries-

Block 4: Table Handling and Embedded SQL: Table Creation: Create table statement - Privileges required - Describing Table Definitions - Modifying Tables - Renaming a Table - Copying another table - Dropping a Table - Other Database Objects - Reason for Database Objects - Indexes - Embedded SQL: Languages supported by Oracle Precompiler - Embedded SQL: Languages supported by Oracle Precompiler, Embedded SQL statements.

- 1. An Introduction to Database System by C.J.Date, Addison Wesley.
- 2. Database system concepts by Silberschatz, Korth and Sudarshan, McGraw Hill.
- 3. An Introduction to Database Systems by Bipin C.Desai, Galgotia publications.

MCA 22 Client Server Technology

Block 1 : Client Server Computing Concepts : Introduction to client / server computing – Main frame – Centric client / server computing – Down sizing and client / server computing – Preserving mainframe application – Investment through porting – Client / server development tools – Advantages of Client / Server computing.

Block 2 : Components of Client Server Environment : Client Component : Components of client / server application – The client – Client service, request for services, RPC, windows services, Fax / print services, Remote boot services, other remote services – Utility embedding – Common request broker architecture (CORBA) – Server Component: The server - Detailed server functionality – The networking operating system – Novell network – LAN manager – IBM LAN server – Banyan VINES-PC network file services.

Block 3: Client Server Platforms: Server operating system: Netware, OS/2, Windows NT, Unix – System Application architecture (SAA) – Connectivity – Open systems interconnect (OSI) process communication (IPC) – Communication interface technology – Wide area network technology.

Block 4 : Client / serve development software – Platform migration and reengineering of existing systems – Hardware components - Distributed Objects and Internet: Distributed objects and components – Compound documents : The client framework – OLE / DCOM – Client / server and the Internet – Application Development Tools : Workbench architecture – Information engineering facility architecture – EASEL Workbench – Ellipse – SQL windows – Power builder – SQL Tool set – APT workbench component.

- 1. Client Server Computing by Dewire and dawna travis, McGraw Hill.
- 2. Designing Enterprise Client/Server Systems by Beth Gold Bernstein, David Marca PHI.
- 3. Client / Server Communications by Thomas S Ligon, TMH.

MCA 23 Multimedia Systems

Block 1 : Basic Concepts of Multimedia : Introducing Multimedia – Multimedia definition – Need, benefits and problems – System components – Multimedia platforms – Development tools: Type – Cross platform compatibility – Commercial tools – Standards

Block 2: Media types: Non temporal – Text, image, graphics – Temporal – Analog, digital, audio / video, music, animation, other media types – Extended images, digital link, speech audio-Digital video and Image compression: Evaluating a compression system – Redundancy6 and visibility – Video compression techniques – Image Compression Standards – JPEG, MPEG, DVI.

Block 3 : Object Oriented Multimedia : Object, Classes and related items – Multimedia Frameworks: Overview - Media classes - Transform classes format classes - component classes

Block 4: Multimedia Environments: The CD family, CD-i – Overview – Media Types – Media Organization – Architecture and Operations – Applications: Media in real world – Multimedia and single user – Multimedia on Networks – Training and Education.

- 1. Multimedia In Practical Technology and Application by Judith Jeffcoate, PHI.
- 2. Multimedia Programming by Simon J.Gibbs and Dionysion C Tsichrikzis, Addison Wesley.
- 3. Multimedia Systems by John F. Koegel Buford, Addison Wesley.

MCA 24 Distributed Computing

Block 1: Distributed Processing: Introduction – Distributed computing Models – Load Balancing – RPC – Process Migration - Hardware Concepts – Switched Multiprocessor – Bus based multi computers – Switched Multi computers – Software Concepts – Network Operating System and NFS – Time Distributed System. Design Issues: Transparency – Flexibility – Reliability – performance and Scalability.

Block 2: Communications in distributed system: The Client/Server Model — Blocking versus Non Blocking Primitives — Buffered Versus Unbuffered primitives — Implementation of Client/Server model.

Block 3: Synchronization in distributed system: Clock Synchronization in distributed systems - Clock Synchronization - Multi exclusion - Electron algorithms - Atomic transaction - Dead lock distributed system - Thread usage an implementation of thread packages - Processor allocation.

Block 4: Distributed File System: File Service interface – Semantics of file sharing – Distributed file system Implementation of new trends in distributed file system. Distributed databases: Distributed DBMS Architecture – Storing Data in a Distributed DBMS – Distributed catalog Management – Distributed query processing – Updating distributed data – Distributed transaction management – Distributed Concurrency control – Recovery.

- 1. Advanced Concepts in Operating System by Mukesh Singal and Shivaratri N.G., McGraw Hill.
- 2. Modern Operating System by Tanenbaum A.S, PHI.
- 3. Distributed Operating Systems Concepts and Design by Pradeep K.Sinha, PHI.

MCA 25 Network Programming

Block 1 : Active X Scripting : Overview of Active X Scripting – Java Scripting – Stand-Alone Scripts – Active X Controls – Creating Active X Controls.

Block 2 : Active X Documents : - Introduction – Active X Document Architecture – Creating Active X Documents

Block 3: URL Monickers – Hyper linking – Hyperlink Interface – Working with URL Monickers - Overview of ISAPI – ISPAI Extension – ISAPI Filter

Block 4: Designing IIS Applications – Building IIS Applications – Building Data Driven-DHTML Applications - Active X Documents – Technology – Migration Wizard – Modifying Code – Launching and Testing Document – Testing the DLL.

Reference Book:

- 1. Visual C++ from ground up by John Paul Muller, TMH.
- 2. Visual Basic 6 Complete Reference by Noel Jerke, TMH.

MCA Lab – 5 : Relational Database Management Systems

SIXTH SEMESTER

MCA 26 Project Work