



TAMIL NADU OPEN UNIVERSITY

Chennai – 600 015

Name of the School

HOME ASSIGNMENT

Programme Code : 131
Programme Name : B.Sc., (Mathematics)
Course Code : **BMS 21**
Course Name : Groups and Rings
Batch :
No. of Assignment : 04
Maximum CIA : 15Marks (Average of total no. of Assignments)

ASSIGNMENT-1

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions.

- (i) Prove that the union of two subgroups of a group G is a subgroup if and only if one is contained in the other.
(ii) State and prove a necessary and sufficient condition for an ideal of a commutative ring with identity to be a prime ideal.
- Prove that any Euclidean domain is a unique factorization domain.
- State and prove the fundamental theorem of homomorphism on groups.

ASSIGNMENT-2

Max: ___ Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions:

- (i) Define an equivalence relation and illustrate with an example.
(ii) State and prove Lagrange's theorem.
- Prove that every integral domain is a field.
- (i) Prove that any Euclidean domain is a unique factorization domain.
(ii) Define centre of a group and prove that the centre of a group G is a subgroup of G .

ASSIGNMENT-3

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions.

1. State and prove a necessary and sufficient condition for an ideal of a commutative ring with identity to be a maximal ideal.
2. If G is a group then prove that
 - (i) The identity element of G is unique.
 - (ii) Every $a \in G$ has a unique inverse in G .
 - (iii) Every $a \in G$, $(a^{-1})^{-1} = a$.
 - (iv) For all $a, b \in G$, $(ab)^{-1} = b^{-1}a^{-1}$.
3. Prove that every integral domain can be embedded in a field.

ASSIGNMENT-4

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions.

1. If R is a ring with unit element then for all $a, b \in R$, prove that
 - (i) $a0=0a=0$
 - (ii) $a(-b)=(-a)b=-ab$
 - (iii) $(-a)(-b)=ab$
 - (iv) $(-1)a=-a$
 - (v) $(-1)(-1)=1$.
2. (a) Prove that N is normal subgroup of G if and only if $gng^{-1} \in N, \forall g \in G$.
(b) If ϕ is an homomorphism of G into \bar{G} , then prove that
 - (i) $\phi(e) = \bar{e}$, the unit element of \bar{G} .
 - (ii) $\phi(x^{-1}) = \phi(x)^{-1}$ for all $x \in G$.
3. State and Prove Cayley's theorem



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HOME ASSIGNMENT

Programme Code : 131
Programme Name : B.Sc., (Mathematics)
Course Code : BMS22
Course Name : **Statistics and Mechanics**
Batch :
No. of Assignment : 04
Maximum CIA : 15 Marks (Average of total no. of Assignments)

ASSIGNMENT-1

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions.

1. Fit a straight line to the following data.

x	0	1	2	3	4	5
f	3	8	11	14	16	18

2. A particle moves with an acceleration $\mu[3au^4 - 2(a^2 - b^2)u^5]$ and is projected from an apse at a distance $(a+b)$ with a velocity $\frac{\sqrt{\mu}}{a+b}$. Prove that the equation of orbit

is $r = a + b \cos \theta$.

3. The following are the gains in weights of rats fed on two different diets D_1 and D_2 .

D_1 : 25, 32, 30, 34, 24, 14, 32, 24, 30, 31, 35, 25

D_2 : 44, 34, 22, 10, 47, 31, 40, 30, 32, 35, 18, 21, 35, 29, 22.

Test if the two diets differ significantly as regards their effect on increase in weights..

ASSIGNMENT-2

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions:

1. Ten competitors in a beauty contest are ranked by two judges in the following order.

X	1	6	5	10	3	2	4	9	7	8
Y	6	4	9	8	1	2	3	10	5	7

On the basis of this taking, examine whether the judges have common tastes in beauty.

2. An elastic sphere is projected from a given point O with given velocity V at an inclination α to the horizontal and after hitting a smooth vertical wall at a distance 'd' from O returns to O. Prove that $d = \frac{V^2 \sin 2\alpha}{g} \frac{e}{1+e}$, where 'e' is the coefficient of restitution.
3. Find the rank correlation for the following data.

<i>x</i>	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
<i>y</i>	1	4	2	5	3	9	7	10	6	8

ASSIGNMENT-3

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions.

1. (a) If $P(A) = a, P(B) = b, P(A \cap B) = c$.
Find (i) $P(\bar{A} \cap B)$ (ii) $P(\bar{A} \cup \bar{B})$ (iii) $P(\bar{A} \cap \bar{B})$ (iv) $P(\bar{A} \cup B)$.
(b) State and prove Baye's theorem.
2. (a) A manufacturer of pins knows that 2 % of his products are defective.If he sells in boxes of 100 and guarantees that not more than 4 pins will be defective.What is the probability that a box will fail to meet the guaranteed quality ?
(b) X is a Normal Distribution with mean 30 and Standard Deviation 5.
Find (i) $P(X \geq 45)$ (ii) $P(26 \leq X \leq 40)$ (iii) $P(|X - 30| > 5)$.
3. A particle is projected with velocity $2\sqrt{ag}$ so that it just clear two walls of equal height a which are a distance 2a apart. Find the latus rectum of the path and the time of passing between the walls.
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ASSIGNMENT-4

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions.

- 1. (i)** Find the rank correlation coefficient for the following data:

x	92	89	87	86	86	77	71	63	53	50
y	86	83	91	77	68	85	52	82	37	57

- (ii) Let r denote the coefficient of correlation, then show that $-1 \leq r \leq 1$.

- 2.** If the law of acceleration is $5\mu u^3 + 8\mu c^2 u^5$ and the particle is projected from an apse at a distance c with a velocity $\frac{3\sqrt{\mu}}{c}$. Prove that the equation of orbit is $r = c \cos \frac{2\theta}{3}$.
- 3.** Show that the resultant motion of two S.H.M of same period along two perpendicular lines is along an ellipse.



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HOME ASSIGNMENT

Programme Code : 131
Programme Name : B.Sc., (Mathematics)
Course Code : BMS23
Course Name : Classical Algebra and Numerical methods
Batch :
No. of Assignment : 04
Maximum CIA : 15Marks (Average of total no. of Assignments)

ASSIGNMENT-1

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions.

1. Solve by Gauss Seidal method

$$8x - 3y + 2z = 20, \quad 4x + 11y - z = 33, \quad 6x + 3y + 12z = 35$$

2. (a) Find y_6 if $y_0 = 9, y_1 = 18, y_2 = 20, y_3 = 24$, given that the third differences are constant.

(b) Using Newton's backward formula, find y when $x = 63$, given that

x	45	50	55	60	65
y	114.84	96.16	83.32	74.48	68.48

3. Compute $y(0.2)$ given $\frac{dy}{dx} + y + xy^2 = 0, y(0) = 1$ by taking $h=0.1$ using R.K. method of fourth order(correct to four decimals).

ASSIGNMENT-2

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions:

1. (i) If a, b, c are positive quantities, then show that

$$(a + b + c) \left(\frac{1}{a} + \frac{1}{b} + \frac{1}{c} \right) \geq 9.$$

(ii) Use Newton – Raphson method to obtain a root correct to three decimal places of the equation $x^3 + 3x^2 - 3 = 0$.

2. (i) Show that the sum of the ninth powers of the roots of the equation $x^3 + 3x + 9 = 0$ is zero.
(ii) Obtain a root, correct to three decimal places, for the equation $x^3 - 4x - 9 = 0$ using the bisection method.
3. Find the sum to n terms of the series $\frac{1}{1.2.3} + \frac{1}{2.3.4} + \frac{1}{3.4.5} + \dots$

ASSIGNMENT-3

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions.

1. Given

θ	0°	5°	10°	15°	20°	25°	30°
$\tan \theta$	0	0.0875	0.1763	0.2679	0.3640	0.4663	0.5774

Using Stirling's formula to find the value of $\tan 16^\circ$

- 2(i) Derive Lagrange's interpolation formulae.
(ii) Find the positive root of $f(x) = e^x - 2x - 1$ by Newton-Raphson method.
3. Apply Lagrange's formula inversely to find a root of the equation $f(x) = 0$, when $f(30) = -30$, $f(34) = -13$, $f(38) = 3$, $f(42) = 18$.

ASSIGNMENT-4

Max:15 Marks.

Answer any ONE of the following three questions.

1. By means of Lagrange's formula, Prove the following:
(i) $y_1 = y_3 - 0.5(y_5 - y_{-3}) + 0.2(y_3 - y_{-5})$
(ii) $y_0 = \frac{1}{2}(y_1 + y_{-1}) - \frac{1}{8} \left[\frac{1}{2}(y_3 - y_1) - \frac{1}{2}(y_{-1} - y_{-3}) \right]$
2. Sum the series $\frac{5}{3.6} + \frac{5.7}{3.6.9} + \frac{5.7.9}{3.6.9.12} + \dots$
3. (i) Solve the equation $6x^5 - x^4 - 43x^3 + 43x^2 + x - 6 = 0$.
(ii) Determine the positive root of $x^3 + x^2 + x - 100 = 0$ by inverse interpolation.
