# School of Computer Sciences Bachelor of Science (Computer Science)

# 1. Structure:

Course Code	Course Title	Credits	Marks Distribution		
			Spot Assignment (Internal)	Term End Exam (External)	Total
FIRST YE	AR:	·			
BFTM 11	Tamil [or] any one of the other languages	6	25	75	100
BFEG 11	English Language	6	25	75	100
BCM-01	Mathematics	4	25	75	100
BSCS-04	Introduction to Computer Organisation	4	25	75	100
BSCS-05	'C' Programming and Data Structures	4	25	75	100
BSCS-06	Visual Basic Programming	4	25	75	100
BSCS- P1	Lab 1: 'C' & VB Programming	4	25	75	100
SECOND	YEAR:		<u> </u>		
BSCS-07	Applied Operations Research	6	25	75	100
BSCS-08	Design and Analysis of Algorithms	6	25	75	100
BSCS-09	Object Oriented Programming with C++	4	25	75	100
BSCS-10	Introduction to Database Management Systems	4	25	75	100
	Elective I *	4	25	75	100
CCE	Environmental Studies	4	25	75	100
BSCS-P2	Lab 2: C++ Programming & RDBMS	4	25	75	100
THIRD YE	CAR:				
BSCS-15	Data Communications and	4	25	75	100
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	Networking				
BSCS-16	Introduction to Operating Systems	4	25	75	100
BSCS-17	Java Programming	4	25	75	100
BSCS-18	HTML & Web Design	4	25	75	100
BSCS-19	Introduction to Software Engineering	4	25	75	100
	Elective II **	4	25	75	100
BSCS-P3	Lab 3: Java Programming	4	25	75	100
BSCS-P4	Project Work	4	-	100	100
ELECTIV	E I:				
BSCS-11	Accounting and Financial Management	4	25	75	100
BSCS-12	Management Information Systems	4	25	75	100
BSCS-13	Principles of Management	4	25	75	100
BSCS-14	Managing Information Technology	4	25	75	100
ELECTIV	E II:				-
BSCS-20	Network Security	4	25	75	100
BSCS-21	Software Testing	4	25	75	100
BSCS-22	Compiler Design	4	25	75	100
BSCS-23	TCP/IP Programming	4	25	75	100
BSCS-24	Intranet Administration	4	25	75	100

\* Students are advised to choose any one Elective Course from list of Elective I \*\* Students are advised to choose any one Elective Course from List of Elective II

# 2. Syllabus

### FIRST YEAR

# **BCM - 01: Mathematics**

Block 1: Theory of equations – imaginary roots rational roots – Relation between the roots and coefficients of equations – symmetric function of the roots – sum of the power of the roots of an equation – Newton's Theorem. Transformation of equations: Roots multiplied by a given number – reciprocal roots – reciprocal equations – standard forms to increase and decrease the roots of a given equation by a given quantity – Removal of terms.

Block 2: Solutions of algebraic equations – bisection, Iteration method – Newton – Raphson method – Method of False Position. Solutions of simultaneous linear equations: Gauss's method – Gauss Jordan method – Iteration method – Gauss's Seidal method.

Block 3: Set, Relations and Functions: Sets – Notation and description of sets – subsets – operations on sets – Properties of set operations – Relations: Representation of a relation – Operations on Relations – Equivalence Relation Partitions and Equivalence Classes. Functions: Definition – One to one – Onto functions – Special type of functions – Invertible and composition of functions.

Block 4: Finite Automata and Languages: Languages: Alphabet, Strings, Operations, Regular Expression: Operation, Non-deterministic Finite Automata – Deterministic Finite Automata.

- 1. Introduction to Methods of Numerical Analysis, S.S. Sastry, Prentice Hall of India, 1994.
- 2. Algebra, T.K. Manicavasagam Pillai, T. Natarajan and K.S. Ganapathy, S. Viswanathan Pvt Ltd, 1996.
- 3. Discrete mathematical structures with applications to Computer Science, J.P.Tremblay and R.Manohar, Tata McGraw Hill, 1997.

# **BSCS-04:** Introduction to Computer Organization

Block-1: Data Representation: Introduction – The Von Neumann Architecture – Generation of Computers – Data Representation: Decimal – Alphanumeric – Fixed – Decimal Fixed – Floating point – Error Detection and Correction codes – Instruction Execution. Digital Logic Circuits – Introduction – Boolean Algebra – Logic Gates – Combinational Circuits – Sequential Circuits – Inter connection structures.

Block-2: Peripheral Devices: Memory Organization: Introduction – various memory devices – Types of Random Access Memory – Types of Auxiliary memory – High Speed Memories : Cache Memory – Interleaved Memory – Associated Memory. IO Organization: I/O Model – I/O Techniques – DMA – I/O processes – External Interface.

Block-3: Instruction Set: Introduction – Characteristics – Addressing Modes – Instruction format – Examples. Registers organization: Structure of CPU – Register Organization – Micro operation – ALU Organisation – Control Unit Organisation – Microprogrammed Control Unit – Microinstruction: sequencing – Microinstruction Execution.

Block-4: Microprocessor and Assembly Language Programming : Introduction – Microcomputer architecture – CPU components – Instruction set – Introduction to Motorola 68000 microprocessor – Assembly Language : Introduction – Assembly language fundamentals – I/O services – Assembly language program development tools – Examples : COM programs – EXE programs – Simple assembly language programs – Programming with loops and strings – Arrays – Modular program – Interface to high level program – Interrupts.

- 1. Computer System Architecture, Mano M.Morris, Prentice Hall of India, Third edition, (1983)
- 2. Microprocessors and Interfacing Programming and Hardware, Doughlas V.Hall, McGraw Hill, 1986

### **BSCS-05: 'C' Programming and Data Structures**

Block 1: Introduction to C programming language – Data types – Identifiers – Variable declaration – Enumerated data types – typedef statement – Operators : Arithmetic – relational – logical – cast – increment – decrement – bitwise – precedence of operations – expressions – decision structures : goto – if – Escape sequences – Structure of C program.

Block 2: Control structures: while – do.. while – if then else – switch – for loops – default statement – Arrays : One – multi dimensional – Declaration of array structure – Simple programs - Size of operators – Storage classes and scope – Functions : Function declaration – Prototyping – Pointers – Pointer variable – Pointers as function argument – One, multi dimensional arrays as function arguments. Files – Files I/O – Structures – Unions.

Block 3: Data Structures: Introduction – arrays – representation of arrays in memory – sparse array – Lists: Basic concepts – Implementation of Lists – Doubly linked list – Circular linked list – Garbage collection – Stacks and Queues: Stack operations – Array and pointer implementation of stacks – Application of stacks – Queue operations – Implementation of queues – Application of queues. Graph: Basic Terminology – Representation – Traversals - DFS – BFS – Shortest path problem – Minimal spanning tree.

Block 4 : Trees : Concepts – Binary tree – Binary Tree traversals – inorder – preorder – postorder – Binary search tree (BST) – BST operations – Balanced Tree. Searching: Linear search – Binary search. Sorting: Definition – Sorting techniques: Insertion – Bubble – Quick Sort – 2 way merge – Heap – Data Storage: Magnetic Tapes, Disk – Sorting with disk and tape – Buffering.

- 1. Programming in ANSI C, E Balagurusamy, Tata McGraw-Hill, 2004.
- Fundamentals of Data Structures, Ellis Horowitz, Sartaj Sahni, Computer Science Press, 1976

### **BSCS-06: Visual Basic Programming**

Block 1: Introduction to Windows Programming and Visual Basic: Components of Windows Programming : Graphical User Interface – Window and its elements – Dialog Box – Drop-Down and Pop-Up menus – Visual Basic – Event-Driven Programming – Steps in Building a Project – User Interface Design – Writing Code – Visual Basic IDE – Creating and Running a simple project

Block 2: Visual Basic Forms and Controls: Form – Tool Box controls – Property window – Design and Run-time properties – Events – Keyboard, Mouse, Code and System events – Visual Basic Object oriented programming – Creating buttons at run-time through object declaration - Screen, Printer, Error Objects

Block 3: Visual Basic Programming: Visual Basic Data Types - Constants: predefined constants – User-Defined constants – Variables – Scope Rules – Control Structures – If – Select Case – Loops – FOR, DO, WHILE loops – Goto – On Goto statements – Event procedures – User defined procedures – Library functions – Numeric, String, Boolean and miscellaneous functions – Sub Main() procedure – User-defined functions – Public, Private Scope rules – Creating EXE files – Arrays – User-defined data type – Type statement – Control Arrays – Graphics handling – Using multiple forms – Activating a form – Multiple Document Interface – A simple MDI application

Block 4: Visual Basic Advanced Features: Creating a Database in VB – Accessing an external database with Data Control – Object Linking and Embedding (OLE): Linking and embedding an excel worksheet with VB project – Using third-party controls in VB - Creating an Active X control project – Activating other applications from VB – Windows Application Program Interface functions (WINAPI)

### **Reference Books:**

- 1. An Introduction to Programming using Visual Basic, David I. Schneider, Prentice Hall, 1995
- 2. Ready-to-Run Visual Basic Algorithms, Rod Stephens, J. Wiley Publication, 1998
- 3. "Visual Basic 6 from ground up" Garry Cornell, TMH, 1999.

BSCS-P1: Lab 1: 'C' and VB Programming

#### SECOND YEAR

### **BSCS-07:** Applied Operations Research

Block 1 : Operations Research: Scope – Mathematical Models – Linear Programming – Graphical Method- Simplex Method – Big –M Method- Two Phase Simplex Method.

Block 2: Programming Techniques: Goal Programming – Integer Programming – Dynamic Programming.

Block 3: Sequencing Models: N Jobs on two Machines-N Jobs on Three Machines- N Jobs on M machines.

Block 4: Replacement Models: Replacement of Machines without considering the value of money- Replacement of Machines with Considering the value of Money- Group Replacement and Individual Replacement Policy.

- 1. Operations Research, An Introduction, Hamdy A.Taha, PHI, 7th Edition, 2004
- 2. Operations Research, Kantiswarup, Guptha and Man Mahon, S. Chand & Sons, 1987
- 3. Operations Research An Introduction, Prem kumar Gupta and D.S Hira, S.Chand & Company.
- 4. Linear Programming, G. Hadley, Narosa Publishing House, 1995.

# **BSCS-08:** Design and Analysis of Algorithms

Block 1 : Introduction to Algorithms and its Development : Introduction - Algorithms – Basic Tools : Top-down structured Programming – Program Correctness – Example : The Knight's Tour- Basic Steps in Development : Statement of the Problem – Development of a Model – Design of an Algorithm – Correctness of the Algorithm – Programme Testing – Documentation.

Block 2: Growth -of -Function - Summations -Formulas and Properties - Recurrences.

Block 3: Algorithm Design Methods: Basic Problem Solving Methods: Sub goal-Hill-Climbing and Working Backward – Example: Jeep Problem -Backtrack Programming: Example: Bicycle Lock Problem – Branch and Bound - Example: Traveling Salesman Problem for five-city network - Recursion: Example: Factorials and Fibonacci Series - Ackermann's Function.

Block 4: Complexity Analysis of Sorting and Searching: Sorting: Heap Sort - Bubble Sort-Selection sort - Quick Sort. Searching: Binary search - Linear Search.

- 1. Fundamentals of Computer Algorithms, Ellis Horowitz and Sartaj Sahni, Galgotia Publications.
- 2. Introduction to the Design and Analysis of Algorithms, S.E. Goodman and, S.T. Hedetniemi.

### **BSCS-09:** Object Oriented Programming with C++

Block-1 : C++ Fundamentals: Object Oriented Programming - Programming Paradigms – Benefits and Concepts – Advanced Concepts – OOP languages – Overview of C++ - Structure of a C++ Program – Header Files - Keywords – Tokens and Identifiers – Compiling – Running C++ programs - Constants and Variables: Data Types – Integer – Float – Char – Double – Pointer – Variable and Constant declarations – Macro definitions – Reference variables – Complex variables – Type conversions – Type casting – Storage classes : auto, register, static, extern -Input and Output: Stream I/O – I/O Manipulators – Creating I/O manipulators – IOS flags – Stream buffer class hierarchy.

Block-2 : Programming Constructs : Operators: Arithmetic – Relational – Logical – Assignment – Pre and Post Increment & Decrement – Bitwise – Scope Resolution :: operator – ?(conditional) – Value operator – Member operator – Indirection operator – new and delete operator – Precedence rules – Control structures: if – else – if elseif ladder – switch case -Iterative constructs - Loops – for loop – while loop – do while loop – Initialisation – exit condition – increment/decrement for three loops compared – Nesting loops – Creating infinite loops – break and continue statements – goto statement and labels.

Block-3: Data Structures: Arrays: Single Dimensional arrays - Declaration – Initialization – Multi-Dimensional arrays – Declaration – Initialization – Addressing method – Subscripts – Character arrays – Initialization – Null Character – Multi-dimensional character arrays – Structures: – Declaration – Definition – Bitfields – Array of structures – Structure containing arrays – Pointer to structures – Structures versus unions – Anonymous unions.

Block – 4 : Structured and Object Oriented Programming : Functions: Structured Programming – Function definition & declaration – Parameters – Arguments – Return Values – void – Call by value parameters – Call by reference parameters – Passing arrays – Passing structures – Passing a function to another function – Pointer to function – Recursive function – Classes : and Objects – Visibility Labels – private, public and protected – Data members – Member functions – Object declaration and accessing members – Passing objects to functions – Returning objects – Constructor function – Destructor function – friend functions – static data and function members – Inline functions versus macros – Overloading: Compile-Time Polymorphism – Function overloading – Rules for function overloading – Operator overloading – rules for operator overloading - Function templates – Class templates – Extensibility – Reusability – Inheritance – Run-Time Polymorphism – Virtual functions- Files: fstream header file - text and binary files creation and access – random access in files – storing objects in files – command-line arguments to main() function – Exception handling – Unified Modeling Language (UML) – Context Diagrams.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Object Oriented Programming with C++, E. Balagurusamy, McGraw Hill, 2006
- 2. Let us C++, Yaswant Kanetkar, BPB Publications
- 3. Object Oriented Programming in C++, N.Barkakati, PHI.

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# **BSCS-10:** Introduction to Database Management Systems

Block 1 : DBMS concepts : Introduction – Basics of Database – Three views of Data – Three level architecture of DBMS – Facilities – Elements of DBMS – Advantages and disadvantages – File Management system and its drawbacks – Database Models: E-R Model-Hierarchical Model-Network Model- Relational Model.

Block 2: File Organization: Introduction – Methods of File Organization – Sequential, Direct, Index Sequential – Multi Key file organization – Management Considerations: Objectives – Conversion – Evaluation of DBMS – Administration of DBMS.

Block 3: RDBMS and DDBMS: Introduction – Relational Model – Concept – Definition of a relation – Relational algebra and relational completeness – Normalization: Objectives – Functional dependency – Anomalies in a database – Properties of Normalization – Various Normalization techniques – Examples of database design

Block 4: SQL: Types of SQL commands – Data definition – Data Manipulation statements – Distributed Databases: Structure of Distributed database – Design of Distributed database.

- 1. Database System Concepts, Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudarshan, McGraw-Hill, 1999.
- 2. An Introduction to Database systems, Bibin C. Desai, Galgotia Publications. 1998.
- 3. Fundamentals of Database Systems, Elmasri & Navathe, 5<sup>th</sup> Edition, Addison Wesley, 2006.
- 4. An Introduction to Databases Systems, C.J. Date, A. Kannan, S.Swamynathan, Pearson Education, 2008.

#### **CCE: ENVIRONMENTAL STUDIES**

Block 1: The Multi disciplinary nature of environmental studies - Definition, scope and importance - Need for public awareness.

Block 2: Natural Resources - Renewable and non- renewable resources - Natural resources and associated problems.

a. Forest resources: Use and over-exploitation, deforestation, case studies. Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people.

b. Water resources: Use and over – utilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water, dams – benefits and problems.

c. Mineral resources: Use and exploitation, environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources, case studies.

d. Food resources: World food problems, changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing, effects of modern agriculture, fertilizer-pesticide problems, water logging, salinity case studies.

e. Energy resources: Growing energy needs, renewable and non renewable energy sources, use of alternate energy sources. Case studies.

f. Land resources: Land as a resource, land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification.

Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources - Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles.

Block 3: Ecosystems - Concept of an ecosystem - Structure and function of an ecosystem - Producers, consumers and decomposers - Energy flow in the ecosystem - Ecological succession - Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids - Introduction, types, characteristic features, structure and function of the following ecosystem:-

- a. Forest ecosystem
- b. Grassland ecosystem
- c. Desert ecosystem
- d. Aquatic ecosystems (ponds, streams, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries)

Block 4: Biodiversity and its conservation - Introduction – Definition : genetic, species and ecosystem diversity - Biogeographical classification of India - Value of biodiversity : consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values - Biodiversity at global, National and local levels - India as a mega – diversity nation - Hot-spots of biodiversity - Threats to biodiversity : habitat loss, poaching of wildlife, man wildlife conflicts - Endangered and endemic species of India - Conservation of biodiversity : In-situ and Ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

Block 5: Environmental Pollution - Definition - Causes, effects and control measures of : Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, Nuclear hazards - Solid waste Management - Causes, effects and control measures of urban and

industrial wastes. - Role of an individual in prevention of pollution - Pollution case studies - Diaster management: floods, earthquake, cyclone and landslides.

Block 6: Social issues and the Environment - From Unsustainable to Sustainable development -Urban problems related to energy - Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management - Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns. Case studies - Environmental ethics: Issues and possible solutions - Climate change, global warming, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, nuclear accidents and holocaust. Case studies - Wasteland reclamation - Consumerism and waste products - Environment Protection Act - Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act - Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act - Wildlife Protection Act - Forest Conservation Act - Issues involved in enforcement of environmental legislation - Public awareness.

Block 7: Human Population and the Environment - Population growth, variation among nations -Population explosion - Family Welfare Programme - Environment and human health - Human Rights - Value Education - HIV / AIDS - Women and Child Welfare - Role of Information Technology in Environment and human health - Case Studies.

BSCS P2: Lab 2- C++ Programming and RDBMS

### THIRD YEAR

# **BSCS – 15: Data Communications and Networking**

Block-1: Data Communication: Components- Data Representation – Data Flow, Networks: Distributed Processing- Network criteria- Physical Structures – Network Models – Types of Networks - Protocols and Standards.

Block-2: Layered Tasks: OSI Reference models – TCP/IP Protocols – Addressing – Data and Signals: Analog and Digital – Periodic and Non periodic signals – Periodic Analog Signals.

Block 3: Transmission media: Guided media: Twisted pair Cable – Coaxial Cable – Fiber Optic Cable, Unguided media: Wireless- Radiowaves – Microwaves-Infrared.

Block 4: Network devices: Connecting Devices: Passive Hubs- Repeaters- Active Hubs- Bridges – Two layer Switches – Routers – three layer switches – Gateways. Logical Addressing: IPv4 – IPv6.

- 1. Data communications and networking, Behrouz A. Forouzan, Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
- 2. Computer Networks, Andrew S.Tanenbaum, Prentice-Hall of India, New Delhi, Third Edition, 2003.
- 3. Data and Computer Communications, William Stallings, Prentice Hall, 2000.
- 4. Computer Networking with Internet Protocols and Technology, William Stallings, Pearson/Prentice Hall, 2003.

# **BSCS-16:** Introduction to Operating Systems

Block 1: Fundamentals of Operating System: Introduction: What is an operating system – History of operating systems – Operating system concepts – System calls – Operating system structure-Process Management: Introduction to processes.

Block 2: Inter-process Communication: Race conditions – Critical sections – Mutual exclusion – Semaphores – Event counters – Monitors – Message Passing - Process Management : Introduction - Round robin scheduling – Priority Scheduling – Multiple queues – Shortest job first – Policy driven scheduling – Two level scheduling.

Block 3: Deadlocks: Resources – Deadlock modeling – Detection and Recovery – Deadlock Prevention – Avoidance.

Block 4: Memory Management: Memory management without swapping or paging: Multiprogramming without swapping or paging – Multiprogramming and Memory usage – Multiprogramming with fixed partitions - File Management: File basics – Directories – Disk space management – File storage – Directory structure.

- 1. Operating System Concepts, Abraham Silberschatz, Peter B. Galvin, Contributor Peter B. Galvinm, Addison-Wesley, 1994.
- 2. Operating system Design and Implementation, Andrew S. Tanenbaum PHI, 1987.
- 3. Operating System, Milan Milankovic, McGraw Hill. 1987.

### **BSCS-17: Java Programming**

Block 1: Fundamentals of Java Programming: Internet Programming: Introduction – Fundamentals of Java - Applets and Applications – Features of JAVA – JVM – Java API - Java libraries – Structure of a Java program - Java variables – Constants - Java data types – Operators – Keywords – Type Casting.

Block 2 : Java Programming Constructs : Statements : if – if else if – for – while – do while – switch case – break – continue - go to – Simple Java programs. Arrays: one dimensional – multidimensional – Initialisation of arrays – Simple programs. Classes – Objects – Constructor: default – parameterised – copy.

Block 3 : Subclassing and Exception Handling : Subclassing – abstract class – extends keyword – instanceof operator – final keyword – static variables and methods – Access specifier – Wrapper classes – Inner classes – Simple programs - Exception Handling : Exception classes – try and catch – multiple exceptions – built-in exceptions - using finally – throw – catching exceptions – user defined exceptions.

Block 4: Packages and Interfaces: Packages – creation – Adding classes to existing package – Interfaces – creation and implementation – Features – Object Oriented Programming in Java - Applet Programming: Applet creation – execution – GUI creation – Designing layouts – Multithreading – Simple Programs.

- 1. Java Programming a Primer, 3e, Dr.E.Balagurusamy. Tata McGraw-Hill,
- 2. The Java Handbook, Patrick Naughton, Osborne McGraw-Hill, 1996

#### **BSCS-18: HTML & WEB DESIGN**

Block 1: Introduction to HTML: manipulating and formatting HTML text: HTML terminology overview- Tags and attributes – Absolute and relative URLs – Basic Font manipulation techniques – Advanced text formatting.

Block 2 : Placing and Manipulating Images: Working with the <img> Tag – Working with Image Alternate text – Image and Text Formatting – Adding Space around an Image – manipulating Images in an HTML Editor. Working with Page Layout: Page background Image – setting a background Image.

Block 3: Creating and manipulating Tables: Table basics – Configuring Specific Table attributes – Nesting Tables within tables.

Block 4: HTML Editor: Creating a FrontPage Web – The File Menu – The Edit Menu – The View Menu – The Insert Menu – The Format Menu – The Tools Menu – The Table Menu – The Frames Menu. Web Casting Techniques: Introduction – Search Engine – Search tools – Subscribing – Channels - Channels Push technology.

- 1) HTML Professional Projects, John W. Gosney, Eswar Press.
- 2) Internet and Web Technologies, Raj Kamal, Tata McGraw-Hill. 2002

# **BSCS-19:** Introduction to Software Engineering

Block 1: Software Engineering Concept: Definition – Software Product – Components and characteristics – Phases in Software development – Software Process Models: Linear Sequential – Prototyping – RAD – Spiral – Incremental – Formal methods – Fourth generation techniques.

Block 2 : Project Management Concepts : People – Product – Process – Project Development Team Structures - Software Crisis – Role of System Analyst – Project planning and control : Planning objectives – Software scope – Resources – Project Estimation – Decomposition Techniques – Estimation Models – Project standards – Outsourcing – Risk Management : Risk – Identification – Projection – Refinement – Mitigation.

Block 3: Project Scheduling and Tracking: Basic concepts – Defining task set for the software project – Scheduling Plan – Software Quality Assurance: Quality concepts – Quality Assurance Activities – Software Reviews – Formal Technical Reviews – Software Reliability – ISO 9000 quality standards – Software Configuration Management.

Block 4 : Software Analysis, Design and Testing : Analysis concepts and principles – Software prototyping – Specification Modeling and Information flow – Behavioural Modeling – Design Concepts and principles – Modular design – Architectural design and process – User Interface design – Software Testing : Principles – Test case design – White Box test – Block box testing – Testing Strategies : Unit – Integration – Validation – System – Art of debugging – Case study.

#### **Reference Books:**

- 1. Software Engineering: A Practitioner's Approach, Roger S. Pressman, McGraw-Hill, 2004.
- 2. Software Engineering, Ian Sommerville, Addison-Wesley, 2007.

#### BSCS - P3: Lab 3: Java Programming

**BSCS – P4: Project Work** 

### ELECTIVE I

# **BSCS-11:** Accounting and Financial Management

Block 1: Fundamentals of Accounting: Principle of Accounting – Accounting and its Function: Double Entry Book Keeping – Journal – Rules of Journalising – Ledger – Trial Balance – Rectification of Errors – Trading Profit and Loss Account – Balance Sheet.

Block 2 : Financial concepts : Financial Statement – Nature of Financial Statements – Limitations of Financial Statements – Types of Analysis – Tools of Analysis – Trend Analysis – Comparative Statement.

Block 3: Ratio Analysis: Types of Ratio – Factors affecting efficiency of Ratio – Limitations of Ratio – Fund Flow Analysis – Cash Flow Analysis.

Block 4: Methods of Costing and Budgeting: Marginal Costing – Break even analysis – Application of Marginal Costing – Limitations – Budgeting: Importance of Budgeting – Budget factors.

- 1. Advanced Accountancy, R.L.Gupta, and M.Radhasamy, Sultan Chand & Sons.
- 2. Principles of Management Accounting, Man Mohan and Goyal.
- 3. Studies in Cost Accounting, P. Das Gupta, Premier Book company.

# **BSCS – 12: Management Information Systems**

Block 1: Introduction to MIS: Concept, Definition, Role, Impact, Importance, MIS and Uses. Approaches to management, Functions of Manager, Manager and the environment, Management as a control System.

Block 2: Types of Information Systems: Decision Making, Concepts- Methods, Functions of DSS, Executive information System, MIS, TPS, ES.

Block 3: Business Information System: Functional Information Systems- Marketing Information – Manufacturing Information System- Quality Information System, Financial and Accounting Information System- Human Resource Information System.

Block 4: System Development Life Cycle & Tools for IS Development: System Development-System Analysis, System Design, System Development Life Cycle, Preliminary Investigation-Tools for System Development – DFD- Data Dictionary- Decision Trees.

- 1. Management Information System, W. S. Jawadekar, Tata Mcgraw hill
- 2. Management Information System A Managerial Perspective, Uma G. Gupta, Galgotia Publications Pvt. Ltd. 1998

# **BSCS-13: Principles of Management**

Block 1: Management – Features, Functions – Management as an art, Science, Profession – Evolution of management thoughts.

Block 2: Planning – Process, Importance, Nature and Scope, Types, Steps in Planning. Objectives, Policies, Procedures, Strategy- Decision making: Types of decisions, difficulties in decision making – Management by Objectives.

Block 3: Organising – Features, Importance – Principles of organizations – Types – Organisation structure – Delegation – Span of control – Line and staff relationship – Use of staff units and committees.

Block 4: Staffing – Sources of recruitment – Selection process – Training. Directing – Nature and purpose – Communication process.

Block 5: Need for Coordination – Controlling – Importance and functions of control – Control process – Budgetary and non- budgetary control.

- 1. Management Process, Rustom Davar
- 2. Principles of Management, L.M. Prasad
- 3. Business Management, Dinkar & Pagare
- 4. Essentials of Management, Koontz & O Donnell
- 5. Principles of Management, Sherlekar

# **BSCS – 14: Managing Information Technology**

Block 1: Roles of Information Technology (IT): Roles of Chief Information Officer (CIO) as Chief Technical Officer (CTO) – Chief Asset Officer (CAO) – Chief Knowledge Officer (CKO)

Block 2: IT / CIO and Promotion of Enterprise Innovation: A Framework for Enterprise Innovation by IT – Business Innovation by IT – Product Supply Innovation by IT – Management Innovation by IT – Promotion of Enterprise Innovation by IT

Block 3: IT Strategies: Information System Architecture – Important IT Techniques and Trends – Construction of Information System Architecture.

Block 4: CIO and Management of IT Management: Framework for IT Management – IT Asset Management – IT Process Management – System Cost Management – Innovation Strategies for IT Organisation – Management of IT Outsourcing.

Block 5: Preparation and Development of IT Master Plans: Case Studies Preparation and Development of Security Policy: Overview of Computer Security – Risk Assessment – Security Policy - Managing Information Systems.

- 1. Strategic Planning for Information Systems, J. Ward and P. Griffiths
- 2. The Art of Strategic Planning for Information Technology, B.H. Boar
- 3. Managing in a Time of Great Change, P. Drucker
- 4. The Rise and Fall of Strategic Planning, H. Mintzberg

### ELECTIVE II

# **BSCS-20:** Network Security

Block-1: Introduction: Security attacks, Security services and mechanism-model for network security-classical Encryption techniques - Symmetric cipher model - Substitution techniques-Transposition techniques & Steganography.

Block-2: Principles of modern symmetric ciphers: Block cipher principles - feistel cipher structure – DES - Encryption & Decryption, Differential & linear crypt analysis - AES.

Block-3: Public key encryption: Public key cryptography & RSA-Basics of number theory - RSA algorithm - key management - Diffe Hellman key exchange - Elliptic curve cryptography

Block-4: Message Authentication & Hash function: Authentication requirements – Authentication function- message Authentication codes - Hash function & security of hash function of MACs.

- 1. Cryptography and Network Security Principles and Practices, William Stallings, fourth edition, Pearson Prentice Hall, 2008.
- 2. Information Security, Theory and Practice, Dhiren R.Patel, PHI 2008
- 3. Network Security, The Complete reference, Roberta Bragg, Mark Rhodes Ousley, Keith strassberg, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2007.

### **BSCS-21: Software Testing**

Block 1: Software Quality Assurance: software challenge - Software Quality – Software Quality factors – Software Quality Models- Software quality measurement and metrics – Software Quality Architecture.

Block 2: Introduction to Software Testing: Overview- Purpose of testing – Objectives – Inspection and Testing – Testing and debugging – Debugging process – Software testing life cycle – Responsibility of test team leader.

Block 3: Testing techniques: The V-Model – Testing techniques: Functional testing techniques – Non-functional testing techniques- Test metrics- Risk based testing – Extreme testing.

Block 4: Automated testing: Introduction – process - Types of automated test – Code auditing – Coverage Monitoring – functional test – Load test – Test Management - Advantages and Disadvantages of Automated test - Alpha and Beta site testing programs. Test Maturity Model: Human Issues and Challenges in testing.

- 1. Software Quality Assurance, Nina S Godbole, Narosa Publishing House, 2008.
- 2. Software Quality Assurance, From Theory to Implementation, Daniel Galin, Pearson Education, 2004.
- 3. Software Quality Complete and Practices, R A Khan, K. Mustafa, SI Ahson , Narosa Publishing House, 2008.
- 4. Software Testing principles and Practices, Srinivasan Desikan, Gopalswamy Ramesh, Pearson Education, 2006.

### **BSCS-22:** Compiler Design

Block 1: Introduction: Structure of complier- Roles of Lexical Analyzer- Tools-Regular Expressions- Symbol table- Error handling - Automata Concepts: Finite automata, Regular Expression to finite automata, Non-deterministic finite automata- Minimizing states of DFA.

Block 2: Parsing Techniques: Parser, Ambiguity, Shift reduce parsing, Operator precedence parsing, top down, Predictive parsing

Block 3: Intermediate code: Intermediate code, Postfix notation, Parse trees, Address code, Quadruples, and Triples.

Block 4: Optimization techniques: Principles of source of optimization, loop optimization, DAG representation of basic block, Other loop optimization techniques.

- 1. Complier Principles, Techniques and Tools- Alfred V. Aho, Jeffery D. Ullman, Ravi Sethi, Wesley Publishing Company, 1986.
- 2. Principles of Complier Design Alfred V. Aho, Jeffery D. Ullman, Narosa Publishing House, 1996.
- 3. Introduction to System Software, D.M. Dhandhere, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 1986

# **BSCS-23:** TCP/IP Programming

Block 1: Introduction to TCP/IP: Introduction – TCP/IP layering – TCP/IP Stack : TCP level – IP level – Ethernet level – Internet Addressing: IP Address Format – IP address classes – Domain Name System (DNS) - Characteristics – DNS message format – Client Server Model.

Block 2: Internet Protocol (IP): Definition – IP Header – Structure – Components – IP Address – IP Address components – Formats and Classes – IP Routing – IP subnet addressing – subnet mask.

Block 3: Transmission Control Protocol (TCP): Introduction – Basic Terminology - TCP Header – Structure – Components - Features of TCP.

Block 4: User Datagram Protocol (UDP) – Terminology – UDP Header – Structure – Format – Characteristics of UDP – Features of UDP, Internet multi casting – TCP/IP over ATM networks – Client Server model of Interaction Socket Interface.

- 1. Internetworking with TCP/IP Volume I, Principles, Protocols and Architecture, Douglas E. Comer
- 2. TCP/IP: Architecture, Protocols and Implementation, S.Felt, WCB / McGrawHill.
- 3. Introduction to TCP/IP, Forouzan, McGraw Hilll, 1999.

# **BSCS-24: Intranet Administration**

Block 1: Intranet Fundamentals: The Intranet – Definition – How Intranet works? – Internet Vs Intranet – Advantages of Intranet – Types of Intranet : Bulletin board – Database management – Information access – The communications Intranet – Integrating Intranet – Catalogue Intranet – Sing Sign-On Intranet – Software and Hardware requirement for Intranet – Application areas – Future of Intranet. Intranet's Security: Security concerns – Threats – Security Solutions: Hardware – Software – Information – Certification – Firewalls – Encryption / decryption methods – Security policy – Multiple Layers of Intranet security – SOCKS – Advise from Security Experts.

Block 2 : Selection of Computing Infrastructure for Intranet – Hardware: Servers – Clients – Security Systems – Network Environment : LAN – Address Translation – Firewall – Software : Operating System – Groupware – Database connectivity - ODBC – JDBC – Other Aspects: Protocol Support Tools – Web based Tools : HTML, XML, CGI – Web authoring tools – Security tools: Firewalls – Virtual Private Network – Encryption/decryption using by SSL.

Block 3 : Configuring Intranet : Web authoring Preview – Web graphics – Adding Interactivity – Installation : Network installation and administration – User management – Disk quotas – Security configuration and Analysis – Account Policies – Permissions and restrictions – Tuning server performance – Configuring network settings – Networks and Security – Tuning applications over Intranet. Intranet Authoring and Managing tools: Authoring tools: Editors – Supporting applications for service – Graphical tools for creating and animating – Management tools: Databases – basic – ODBC – distributed – Web Servers – other tools.

Block 4 : Intranet Protocols: Communication cum mail protocols : ARP – SMTP – POP – IMAP – Service protocols: TCP – IP – TELNET – HTTP – FTP – UDP – Web server specific protocols – CGI – ISAPI – NSAPI – DMSP – Latest protocols : CDMA – WAP – GPRS – Protocols for E-Commerce.

- 1. David Linthicum's Guide to Client/Server and Intranet Development, David. S. Linthicum, John Wiley & Sons.
- 2. Intranet's Decisions : Creating your organization's internal network, Lisa Kimball, Miles River Press
- 3. Designing the Total Area Network: Intranets, VPN and Enterprise Networks Explained, Steve Pretty, John Wiley & Sons.