

M.A., Sociology

Syllabus

I – YEAR

Course Code

Paper I	. Principles of Sociology	MSO 11
Paper II	. Sociology of Indian Society	MSO 12
Paper III	. Sociological Theories	MSO 13
Paper IV	. Social Research and Statistics	MSO 14
Paper V	. Rural Society in India	MSO 15

II - YEAR

Paper VI	. Urban Sociology	MSO 21
Paper VII	. Population Studies	MSO 22
Paper VIII	. Human Resource Management	MSO 23
Paper IX	. Medical Sociology	MSO 24
Paper X	. Social Psychology	MSO 25

FIRST YEAR
Paper – I

PRINCIPLES OF SOCIOLOGY (MSO 11)

Block - I **Introduction to Sociology**

Meaning, Definition and origin - Nature and Scope of Sociology - Uses of Sociology Primary Concepts . Society, Community, Association and Institution - Social structure . Status and role, Culture . Its traits and complexes.

Block - II **Scientific Study of Social Phenomena**

Sociology as a Science, Methods and Perspectives - Sociology and other Social Sciences - Psychology, Anthropology and Economics

Block - III **Individual and Society**

Theories of the Origin of Society - Socialisation . definition, Processes, Theories, Stages and Agencies - Social Interaction - Social Processes . Associative and Disassociative Social Processes . Social Groups . Definition and Characteristics . Primary and Secondary groups.

Block IV **Social Stratification and Social institutions**

Social Stratification . Definition concept of Inequality . Caste and Class - Social Institutions . Marriage . Characteristics, types, functions. Family-Characteristics, Types, Functions and recent trends. Religion . Definition and basic components of religion. The social functions of religion.

Block V **Social Control and Social change**

Meaning, Definition, Nature and Types of Social Control - Meaning and nature of Social change - Factors and Theories of social change.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. B. Brinkerhoff David Lynn K. White (1991) Sociology . New York West Publishing co.,
2. Kendall, Diana . (1996) Sociology in our times California . Wadsworth Publication
3. Shankar Rao - (1995) Sociology, New Delhi, S Chand and Co.,
4. Giddens, Anthony . (2001) Sociology (4th edition) U.K . Polity Press
5. Mitchell, Duncan . (1959) Sociology, Bombay Oxford University Press
6. Robertson, Ian . (1980) Sociology, New York Worth Publishers Inc.
7. Eshleman, Ross J & Cashion G Barbara (1983) . Sociology . An Introduction . U.S.A . Little Brown & Co Ltd.,
8. Caplow, Theodore . (1975) Sociology, New Jersey . Prentice . Hall Inc
9. Madam G. R. (1991) The Theoretical Sociology New Delhi . Mittal Publications
10. Globalization Resource.
http://www. Polity.co.uk/global
Explorations in Social Inequalities
http:// www.trinity.edu/mkearl/strat.html.www.jert.org.
Social Science Information Gateway
http:// www.sosig.ac.uk

Paper –II

SOCIOLOGY OF INDIAN SOCIETY (MSO 12)

Block – I Hindu Social Organization

Traditional Hindu Social Organization . characteristics of Traditional Indian Society. Three Perspectives of traditional Indian society . Basic Tenets of Hinduism - Purusharthas . Ashramas . Varnas . Caste, Karma, Rinas, Sanskaras.

Block – II The Caste System: Caste, Concept, Origin and its future

- a) Meaning - Definition . Three Perspectives . Caste and Varna, Sub- Caste, Caste and Class - Characteristics, Merits and Demerits of Caste system . Changes in the Caste system.
- b) Origin of the Caste System : Theories . Structural views about caste, caste among other Communities - Jajmani System . Definition . Merits and demerits . changes
- c) Scheduled Castes, Schedule Tribes and Backward classes - Scheduled Castes . Definition . Problem of Scheduled Castes and Tribes

Untouchability: Origin . Eradication of untouchability . Role of Ambedkar and Gandhiji in the Removal of untouchability . Measures for the welfare of Scheduled Castes/Tribes . Backward Classes /Castes Reservation Policy.

Block-III Marriage, Family and Kinship

- a) Marriage . Meaning . Definition . Forms. Hindu Marriage . Aims . Hindu Marriage as a Sacrament . Forms of Hindu Marriage . Changes in Hindu Marriage . Problems of Hindu Marriage (Child marriage, widow Remarriage, Dowry)- Impact of Recent Social legislations on Hindu Marriage . Divorce . Muslim Marriage . Christian Marriage.
- b) Family - Joint Family . Definition . types . features . Merits and Demerits, Causes of Disintegration - Future of Joint Family.
- c) Kinship : Meaning, Definition, Types, Usages and Functions.

Block-IV Status of Women in India

Women in Ancient India: Vedic and Post . Vedic Periods . Buddhist period, Medieval Period . British Period Social Movements initiated by the social reformers . Growth of Womens organizations . Enactment of Social legislation . Rights of Women.

Block-V Social Movements and Social change in India

Reform Movement: Brahma Samaj . Arya Samaj . Ramakrishna Mission
Backward Class Movement: SNDP Movement . Self Respect Movement
Social Change in India : Sanskritization, Westernization, Industrialisation,
Modernization, Secularization, Globalisation.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. David G. Mandelbaum . Vol-I -Society in India Continuity and change
Popular Prakasam . Bombay -1972
2. Ram Ahuja - Indian Social System Rawat Publications 1994
Jaipur and New Delhi
3. Ram Ahuja - Society in India Rawat Publication (2002) Jaipur
and New Delhi
4. N Jayabalan - Indian Society and Social Institutions
Atlantic publishers and Distributors (2001)
5. C N Sankar Rao - Sociology . Chand & Co Ltd New Delhi -1995
6. J K Chopra - Society of India, New Chenab off set Printers
(2002)
Dr. S. Sen
Dr. G.S. Mansukhani
7. Pandharinath H Prabhu - Hindu Social organization (1979) Popular
Prakasam Bombay
8. K M Kapadia - Marriage and Family in India
Popular Book Depot 1947
9. Yogendra Singh - Modernization of Indian Tradition Popular Prakasam
. Bombay
10. K.T. Shivanna - Reservations: A Study of the opinion of SC/ST
students in Professional Colleges. Chetana Book
House, Mysore.

Paper-III

SOCIOLOGICAL THEORIES (MSO 13)

Block-I Introduction to Sociological Theory

Meaning of Theory-Elements of Theory- Characteristics of Theory- Functions of Theory -Types of Theories-Theory and Research . The Reciprocal Relationship

Block – II Sociological Functionalism

Nature and origins of Sociological Functionalism -Emile Durkheim and his Contributions . Social Facts, Social Solidarity . Mechanical and Organic, Sociology of Religion and Suicide. -Robert. K. Merton and his contributions . Latent and manifest functions, Codifications of Functional Analysis - Talcott Parsons . Analytical Functionalism - Functionalism of A.R Radcliffe Brown.

Block – III Conflict Theory

Historical background . Types of conflict - Habermas- critical theory - Karl Marx- Theory of Class Struggle - Ralf Dahrendorf . The Ruler and Ruled- Max Weber . Theory of Conflict.

Block – IV Symbolic Interactionism

Meaning of Human Interactionism . Blumer and the Chicago School - Kuhn and Iowa School - Edmund Husserl and Alfred Schutz - Phenomenology . Geffman and Garfinkel and Ethnomethodology.

Block – V Exchange Theory

George C. Homans . Exchange Behaviorism- Peter M. Blau- Structural Exchange . Richard Emerson . The Exchange Network

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. N. Francis Abraham., Modern Sociological Theory . An introduction, Oxford University Press, 1982.
2. Jonathan H. Turner, The Structure of Sociological Theory (4th Ed.) Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 1987.
3. Don Martindale, The Nature and Types of Sociological Theory, Rawat Publications, Jaipur, 2001.
4. Jonathan H. Turner, The Emergence of Sociological Theory, Leonard Beghley and Charles H. Powers, Wadsworth Publishing Co, 1995.
5. Lewis A. Coser, Masters of Sociological Thought, 2nd Ed, Rawat Publications, Jaipur 1996.
6. Francis Abraham and John Henry Morgan, Sociological Thought, Macmillan India Ltd, 1985.
7. Ian Craib, Classical Social Theory, Oxford University Press, U.K. 1979.
8. Timaseff N.S., Sociological Theory : Its nature and growth, Randomhouse, Newyork 1976.

Paper-IV

SOCIAL RESEARCH AND STATISTICS (MSO 14)

Block-I Social Research –An Introduction.

Nature and definition of Social Research, Aims of Social Research, Types - Principles of Social Research, Steps in Scientific Research.

Basic elements in Social research - Concepts, Constructs, Variables, Operationalization. Hypotheses- Types, Sources, Uses and Testing of hypothesis.

Block-II Designing of Research

Formulation of research problem, Selection of Sample-Research design-Meaning, Purpose, characteristics of a good research design, Steps in research model - Designs for different types of research-Quantitative research, Qualitative research, Evolution research, Action research.

Block-III Techniques of Data Collection

Introduction - Observation - Types, Process of Observation, Problems in observation, Advantages and limitations, Observations, Schedule.

Interview- characteristics, Types of interview, Conditions for a successful interview, Process of interview, Advantages and limitation, Interview schedule.

Questionnaire . Format, Types of questions, arranging the sequence of Questions, Strengths and limitations.

Case study . Purpose of case study, Advantages and criticisms.

Block-IV Data Processing, Analysis and Interpretation

Data processing, Editing, Coding and Tabulation of data, Diagrammatic representation of data.

Data Analysis, Hypothesis testing and interpretation of data.

Report writing . Basic components of Research report other elements of the report, Optional Elements.

Block-V Application of Statistics to Social Research

Introduction - Relation measures-Rate, Ratio, Percentage

Measures of central tendency . Mean, Median and Mode

Measures of dispersion . Standard deviation, variance

Measures of Association . Correlation, Rank correlation, Yule's Q

Test of Significance . Chi-Square test, the t -test, ANOVA, one-way classification.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Donald H. Mc Burney, Research Methods, Brooks /cole Publishing Co, California, 1994.
2. Earl Babbie, The Practice of Social Research, Wardworth Publishing Co, USA, 1994
3. Gopal Lal Jain, Research Methodolgy, Mangal Deep Publication, Jaipur, 1998.
4. Hans Rai, Theory and Practice in Social Research, Surjeet Publication, Delhi, 1988.
5. Kerlinga F.N., Foundations of Behavioural Research, Holt, Rinehart and Winston Inc, India, 1983.
6. Kothari C.R., Research Methodology, Wiley Eastern Ltd, New Delhi, 1988.
7. Mangal S.K., Statistics in Psychology and Education, Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Co.Ltd, New Delhi, 1990.
8. Panline V.Young, Scientific Social surveys and Research, Prentice Hole of India, New Delhi, 1990.
9. Pillai R.S and Bhagavathi V., Statistics, S.Chand and Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 1989.
10. Ram Ahuja, Research Methods, Rawat Publications New Delhi 2002.
11. Sarantakos S., Social Research, MacMillan Press Ltd, London, 1998.
12. Sadhu Singh, Research Methodology in Social Sciences, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1985.
13. Sharma R.N & Sharma R.K., Research Methods in Social Sciences, Media Promoters and Publisher (P) Ltd, Bombay, 1983.
14. Wilkinson & Bhandakar, Methodology and Techniques of Social Research, Himalaya Publishing House, Bombay, 1986.

Paper V

RURAL SOCIETY IN INDIA (MSO 15)

Block – I Sociology of Rural Society – An Introduction

Subject Matter of rural Sociology - Its relevance - Indian Rural Sociology and Village Studies -Sociology and rural development

Block -II Rural Social System

Family and Kinship - Caste and Class . Religion . Economy Polity - Dysfunctional aspect of the rural Social Structure - Land form, human habitate and environment. .

Block - III Dynamics of Directed Change in Rural India

Panchayat Raj and its institutions - Rural Development in Post Independent India - Green revolution and agricultural modernization - Co-operatives - Evaluation of these initiatives - Self . Help groups.

Block IV Peasant Movements and Agrarian Unrest.

Santhal Rebellion - Moplah Rebellion - Bardoli Satyagraha - Naxal bari movement, Telegana movement.

Block -V Macro Social Processes and Village India

Mainstream body politics and its impact on Villages - Globalisation and its impact on Village - Mass media of Communication and its impact on Rural Society.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Doshi S.L. & P.C. Jain (2002) Rural Sociology, Jaipur, Rawat
2. Desai A.R. 1997 . Rural Sociology in India . Bombay Popular Prakasan
3. Dhanagare D.N. 1988 Peasant movements in India, New Delhi, Oxford
4. Gupta D.N. 2001. Rural development System New Delhi Books India International.
5. Jain, Gopal Lal 1997 . Rural development Jaipur . Mangaldeep Publication
6. Joshi R P., and S. Narawam 2002 . Panchayat Raj in India . emerging Trends across the States. Jaipur. Rawat.
7. Singh, Katar (1991) Rural development: Principle policies and Management New Delhi. Sage
8. Singh, Hoshiar (1995 Administration of rural Development in India . New Delhi, Streling.
9. Kappor A.K. & Dharamist Singh 1997. Rural Development through NGO\$ Jaipur, Rawat.
10. Das Veena (ed) 2004 . Oxford Companion to Sociology & Social anthropology New Delhi. Oxford (2nd Volume)

SECOND YEAR **Paper – VI**

URBAN SOCIOLOGY (MSO 21)

Block – 1 **Introduction**

Definition . origin and scope of urban sociology . rural . urban differences . rural . urban typology study of urban sociology in India . culturalists and structuralist approaches.

Urbanism and urbanization: concept of urban , urban locality . urban agglomeration urbanism . urbanism as a way of life.

Urbanization :Definition . Process- Impacts of urbanization on family, religion and caste . empirical social consequences of urbanization - Sub- urbanization . over-urbanization.

Block – II **Urban Ecology**

Definition . Elements of ecology . Ecological theories . Factorial ecology . Social area analysis . Social indicators movement.

Block –III **Growth of Cities**

Pre . industrial and industrial cities

City :-Definition . causes for the growth of cities. Types of cities . metropolis . megalopolis . rural urbanization . conurbation.

Block – IV **Urban problems**

Crime . juvenile delinquency . beggary . alcoholism and drug addiction poverty and unemployment . housing and slums . pollution . water supply . urban development policies.

Block –V **Town Planning**

Meaning . Objectives . Principles . Necessity of Town Planning of Growth of towns, satellite growth, forms of town planning . planning of the modern town.

REFERENCE BOOKS:-

1. William. G. Flanagan . Urban sociology images and structure.
Allyn and bacon . Baston,
2. J.R. Mellor . Urban Sociology in an unurbanised society.
Routledge & Kegan Paul . London.
3. N.JayaBalan . Urban Sociology,
Atlantic publishers and distributors . Delhi
4. Odeyas. D. Heggade . Urban Development in India
Mohit publishers and distributors . Delhi
5. Ram Ahuja . Social problems in India
Rawat publications . N.Delhi
6. C.N.Sankar Rao . Sociology . S. Chand & Co . N. Delhi
7. DC. Bhatta charya . Vijoya publishing house, Kolkata.
8. Urban Sociology . Rajendra K. Sharma
Alantic Publishers and Distributors
New Delhi

Paper – VII

POPULATION STUDIES (MSO 22)

Block – I Introduction to Population Studies:

Definition and nature of demography

Scope of demography

Importance of demographic study

Concepts :- (a) fertility . factors influencing fertility, measures of fertility .
CBK,GFR,TFR.

(b) mortality . causes of mortality, measures of mortality . CDR,
IMR, MMR.

(C) migration . immigration and emigration, push and pull factors in
migration.

Block – II Theories of Population:

Malthusian theory of population

Theory of demographic transition . C.P. Blacker

Social Theories of Population,- theory of social capillary, theory of increasing
prosperity and pleasure, Theory of Rationalism and theory of voluntarism

Block – III Source of Demographic Data:

Population census . census of India . history and procedure

Vital statistics . vital registration

Civil registration in different countries

Sample service

Dual report . system

Block – IV Structure, characteristics and distribution of Indian population

Sex and age characteristics

Education and religious composition

Population density . concepts and consequences . measuring density

Urbanization and human population - urbanization and migration.

Block – V Population policy and programme in India

Population and health in India

Sociology of health policy in India

- the Kartar singh committee . 1973
- the shrivastava committee . 1975
- health for all by the year 2000 A.D.
- committee on multi purpose workers under health and family planning programmes . 1972 . 73

Population control, family size and quality of life.

Importance of sex education and population education for population control -
Family welfare strategies.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. O.S. Srivastava : Demography and population studies
Vikas Publishing House, 1994.
2. Asha Bhende and Tara Kanitkar : Principles of population studies Himalaya
publication House, Bombay-1993
3. Jay Weinstein and Vijayan K. Pillai : Demography . The science of population
Allyn and Bacon, London, 2001
4. Dr. Hans Raj : Fundamentals of Demography - Population
studies with special reference to India,
Surjeet Publications, New Delhi, 1996.
5. Kenneth C.W. Kammeyer and : An Introduction to population Analysis
Books, 1988. Helen Ginn
6. Rajendra K. Sharma : Demography and population problems,
Atlantic Publishers, New Delhi, 1997.

Paper VIII

HUMAN RESOURCE MANAGEMENT (MSO 23)

Block – I Conceptual Introduction

The Concept - Human Resources Management - Personnel Management - Human Resources Development - Human Resource Planning - Scope of Human Resource Management - Importance of Human Resource Management

Block – II Staffing

Recruitment, Selection, Placement, Training, Performance Appraisal, Supervision.

Block – III Job Analysis

Job & Job design, methods of job analysis; job description, job Specification

Block – IV Human Relations

Nature of Human Relations, Its objectives, scope and importance Relevance of the concept of organizational culture, determinants of human relations Relevance of the concept of group, types of personnel relations, role of technology, approaches to human relations.

Block – V Workers' participation in Management

Nature of Workers' participation, objectives of workers' participation - Types of participation, Limitations of workers' participation - Evaluation of workers' participation in the Indian context.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Michael, V.P. (1999) Human Resources Management and Human Relations, Mumbai: Himalayan.
2. Mathur B.L. (2002) Human Resource Management New Delhi : Mohit Publications:
3. Chandan, Ashok & Shilpa Kabra (2000) Human Resources Strategy : Architecture for change New Delhi : Response Books.
4. Bhatia, S.K. and Nirmal Singh (2000) Principle and Techniques of Personnel Management / Human Resource Management New Delhi : Deep & Deep Publications
5. Paul Pigors and Charles A. Myers, Personnel Administration, McGraw-Hill, New York, 1961.
6. William G. Scott, Human Relations in Management Richard D. Irwin Inc., Homewood, Illinois, 1962.
7. Wendell L. French, The Personnel Management Process, 5th ed., Houghton-Mifflin, Boston, Mass, 1982.
8. Monappa, Arun and Sayyadin, (1988) Personnel Management, New Delhi, Tata-McGraw-Hill.

PAPER IX

MEDICAL SOCIOLOGY (MSO 24)

Block – I : Medical Sociology – An Introduction:

The emerging relationship between Medicine and Sociology.
The present status of Medical Sociology.
Contribution of Medical measures.
The development of Social Epidemiology in complex Societies. The basic variables in epidemiological measures . age. Sex and Social class.
Health and Society . Occupational health. Disease and Social Structure.

Block – II: The Sick Role:

Illness as dysfunction.
The functional approach to sick role
The criticism of the sick role
Labelling theory.
Illness as Social deviance.

Block–III: The Organisation of Health Services :

The physician in a changing society.
The Socialisation of the Physician.
Nursing and the Para medical practioners.
The Hospital . Doctor . Patient role.
The rising cost of Hospitalisation.
Technology in Medicine Development
Diffusion and health policy.

Block IV :Social Legislation in Health care:

Social Networks and Social Supports in Health care.
Healthcare in developing countries.
Sociological Perspectives on ethical issues in medical and health care.
Quality of Life and Health care interventions.

Block V : Health and Social Problems:

Mental disorders - Theoretical models.
Social Epidemiology of Mental Disorders.
The Social process of Mental Hospitalization.
Aging and life cycle - Social Gerontology.
Theories of aging.
Death and dying . death and the individual.
Death and society . Changing attitudes towards death.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Freeman, Howard. E & Levuie Sol . (1989) Handbook of Medical Sociology (4th Ed.,)] N.J. Preutice Hall.
2. Cockerhaw, William. C (1978) Medical Sociology. . N.J. Preutice Hall.
3. Bloom Samuel. W. 1986. Institutional Trends in Medical Sociology. Journal of Health and Social behaviour. 27 265-276.
4. 4.Bir reu, James. F. (1960) The psychology of Aging. Eaglewood cliffs N.J. Preutice Hall.
5. 5.Dorrain Apple (1960) Sociological Studies of Health and Sickness (Ed.,) N.Y. McGrawHill.
6. 6.T.M. Dak (Ed.,) (1991) Sociology of Health in India New Delhi . Rawat.
7. Giddeen S. Anthony (2001) Sociology (4th Ed.,) U.K. Polity Press.
8. International Public Health (<http://www.idh.org/iphw/>)
9. OECD . International work on aging <http://www.oecd.org/subject/aging>
10. World Health Organization (<http://www.who.int>)
11. Venkata Ratnam, Medical Sociology in a Indian Society

Paper – X

SOCIAL PSYCHOLOGY (MSO 25)

Block – I : Introduction to Social Psychology:

Nature, Definition and scope of Social Psychology.

Social Psychology and related disciplines . Social Psychology and Sociology, Social Psychology and Personality Psychology, Levels of explanation.

Methods of Social Psychology . Correlational research, Experimental research.

Theoretical foundations . Field theory, Role theory, Cognitive theory, Behavioristic theory.

Block – II : Social Motives and Attitudes:

Social motives . Nature of Social Motives, Types of Social motives . Achievement, Power motivation and need for affiliation.

Attitudes . characteristics of attitudes, Measurement of attitudes, Formation of attitudes, Attitude change.

Block – III : Social Interaction:

Interpersonal attraction, Determinants of interpersonal attraction.

Prosocial behaviour. Personal influences in helping . Genetic factors, Emotional factors, motivational factors, Interpersonal influences . Characteristics of the person in need, The fit between the giver and receivers; Situational influences . models, place of living.

Aggression . Origins and forms of aggression, Prejudice and Intergroup hostility, Control of aggression.

Block – IV : Group Processes:

Groups . Characteristics and functions of groups. Important aspects of group functioning . roles, Norms and cohesiveness.

Leadership . Characteristics of leaders, Functions of leaders, Types of leadership, Leadership training.

Public Opinion . Meaning, Formation of Public opinion, Methods of measuring public opinion.

Propaganda . principles of propaganda, Media of Propaganda.

Block – V: Applying Social Psychology:

Organizational Behaviour . Personnel selection, Motivating employees, performance appraisal, Increasing Productivity.

Health Psychology . Social Psychological aspects of health care, Preventive behaviour in illness, Doctor . Patient interaction.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Robert A. Baros & Donn Byrne, Social Psychology, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1988.
2. Suprithy Paliwal, Social Psychology, RBSA Publishers, Jaipur, 2002.
3. Kuppuswamy. B., Introduction to Social Psychology, Medial Promoter & Publishers, Bombay . 1980.
4. Lindgren, Introduction to Social Psychology.
5. Sharon s. Brehm and Saul M. Kassim, Social Psychology, Houghton Miffinco, Boston 1996.
6. David G Myers, Social Psychology, McGraw Hill Book Company, New Delhi 1988.